"Let Kurdistan election be held according to the applicable laws on time "

To/-Kurdistan Parliament Presidency

- -All parliamentary blocs
- -Head of Council of Ministers
- -All political parties
- -Independent High Electoral and Referendum Commission
- -Consular representatives of all countries in KRG

Your Excellencies: it is the duty of all sides we should select a date for election, please stop this silence and lagging towards the law in the region:

First: Legally:

- 1. According to paragraph (1) in Article (1) of the distribution of power of Kurdistan region presidency and I compliance with paragraph (2) in Article (10) in Kurdistan presidency law, the Council of Ministers in the region should select a date for election. (1)
- **2.** According to a law issued by Kurdistan parliament it extended its the term of as per number (1) in 2017 from 6/11/2017 to 6/11/2018 through which less than 8 months remained.
 - **3.** According to the law, the election must be held before 6/9/2018.

Second: The electoral commission and the electoral register

According to the election commission regulation (180) days are needed for election preparation, while up until now we don't have a clean electoral register and all the parties demand the register to be cleaned and some of the parties make it as a prerequisite for holding a free and fair election. It is worth noting that they haven't started the process of cleaning it. For those political parties that show their readiness for the election, they should have taken all means to clean the electoral register before selecting a date for an election as well as allocating a budget for that end.

- 1. According to law no. (2) of 2017, the power of Kurdistan region presidency is given to the prime minister.
- 2. According to the law, therefore, the date of election should have been set on 6/3/2018 and a budget must have been allocated to that end.
- 3. The speaker submitted his resignation according to parliament by-law right after the approval of the resignation a new speaker should have been elected. Therefore, currently the sessions are baseless. Apart from this the speaker of the parliament is candidate for Iraqi parliamentary elections, this obliges the parliament to approve his resignation, consequently this will bring forth the paralysis of parliament once again.

⁽¹⁾ In paragraph (2) Article (10) states: "issuing an order for holding a general election of Kurdistan Parliament and setting a date for election within 15 days from the date of disbanding the parliament or at least 60 days before ending the term of the parliament on condition the date of election should not exceed 60 days after the end term of the election or do not exceed 60 days before the election date.

⁽²⁾ The first Article of the extension law of the fourth term of Kurdistan parliament states: "The fourth term of parliament, two rounds of the parliament will be in session on 6/11/2017 in reference to the parliament by-law no. (1) of 1992 and its amendments in paragraph (1) Article (5) states that the parliament should hold its session for two rounds per year.

Third: Politically:

- 1. On 12/5/2018, Iraqi parliamentary elections will be held after that a new government will be formed through which Kurds should try to get Kurds' rights, whereas Kurds have a government which most political parties withdrew from it except for PUK, PDK and the Turkmens. Approximately, 13 acting ministers run their ministries after the resignation of the ministers.
- 2. While the date of an election is set for Iraqi parliamentary election, if the date of an election is not set in Kurdistan region for Kurdistan parliament alongside the Iraqi parliamentary election, there is a high possibility that the parties' votes will be decreased dramatically in the upcoming election. If they don't set an election date, there is a chance that political dispute will be palpable among the political parties.
- 3. If the Kurds are not unified, the interest of Kurds in Iraqi parliament will be jeopardized since out of 329 seats only 56 seats allotted to Kurds including Kirkuk. To get these 56 seats, 20 political parties are competing and the situation is not in favor of the people of Kurdistan.

PDK is holding the parliament presidency, head of government, election commission and according to a law it has been given the power of Kurdistan presidency through which has the power to set a date for an election. After they sent official letter to the parliament twice and they have convened with the parliament and the election commission twice, a question come to our mind why hasn't he allocated a budget for an election? Why he hasn't set a date for an election?

PUK has announced that to have a free and fair election there must be a clean electoral register while they participate in parliament presidency, government headship, and election commission presidency, they didn't take any practical step to allocate a budget for an election and a date for election.

Each of Goran Movement, Islamic Union and Islamic Group announced that they are ready for election on condition of having a clean electoral register and they have representative in parliament and election commission but they also didn't take any practical step in which they must have set a date for election on 6/3/2018.

Other political parties in the political arena have prepared themselves to have a list in the future parliament of Kurdistan like Coalition for Democracy and Justice, New Generation, other political parties like Communist Party, Islamic Movement, Toilers Party, Socialist Party etc.

Political parties that entered the political arena and who attended to have electoral lists in the next parliament in the region, such as the Alliance for Democracy and Justice, the New Generation, and other political parties such as the Communist Party, the Islamic Movement, the Labor Party, the Social Democratic Party and other parties, they haven't taken any practical step

and did not have any positions for the holding a free and fair elections on time.

The electoral law has not been amended, the budget has not been allocated for the elections, no date has been set for the elections, and if there is no date for the elections to be held a month ago and no allocation the special budget for its actions and these measures have not been taken. It is certain that the legal period of Parliament will be extended again by the influential parties and the date of the elections will be postponed or elections are not in accordance with the required criteria which caused the creation of problems and crises for the citizens of the region and cut off their livelihood and create dozens of other crises, and as a

result, this government will not be able to protect the rights of citizens in the face of the Iraqi government.

As we are civil society organizations, intellectuals and academics in the Kurdistan region, we declare that the current situation, which is witnessing the postponement of the elections and the non-organization of party conferences and the end of the legal period, the institutions of legitimacy and the existence of large corruption and the economic crisis and poor economic conditions of the citizens of the Kurdistan region, which are not consistent with the course of international policies and that the international community supports The changes are in line with the wishes of the Kurdish people. Therefore, we call for speeding up the date of the elections in order to respect the laws, cleanse the voters register, form a new government in the region and allocate the required budget for the elections so that the electoral commission can begin its practical procedures and monitor and hold accountable the work of the Commission. And that this task lies with the five main parties, which formed the Electoral Commission and constitute a majority in Parliament in particular, being the only option to overcome the crises and the holding of fair and legal elections, and in this sense, we draw this note formally to all parties and we are waiting for a response from them and to know all the citizens of the region, which parties are keen to carry out reforms and solutions, with the holding of elections in real, and what parties do not want to hold elections and find solutions to the problems and crises in the region.

Gratefully 18/3/2018

- Names of participating organizations:

- 1. Pay Institute for Education and Development (PAY)
- 2. Kurdistan Legal Development Institute (ILDK)
- 3. Reform Institute for Development (RID)
- 4. Center for Democratic Development and Human Rights (DHRD)
- 5. Women's Legal Cooperation Organization (WOLA)
- 6. Kurdish Institute for Elections (KIE)
- 7. Standard Media Foundation.
- 8. NGO Coalition Network (which includes 27 organizations)
- 9. Halabia Organization Network (comprising 25 organizations)
- 10. START Network (which includes 3 organizations)
- 11. Leader Leadership Development Network (which includes five organizations)
- 12. The Peace Generation Network (which includes 10 organizations)
- 13. The constructive network of Garmian organizations (which includes seven organizations)
- 14. The Justice Network for Detainees (which includes 40 organizations)
- 15. Idea Organization for Democracy and Community Awareness
- 16 Kurdish-English academia for Education and Training
- 17. Halwest Organization
- 18- Kurdistan for All (KEODD)
- 19. Organization of the Capital of Peace
- 20. STOP to combat corruption

- 21. Gayandan Organization for Democratic Activities and Human Rights
- 22. Mali-Sarkoten Organization for Capacity Development
- 23. NAWIN International Relations (NIIR)
- 24.Dang Radio
- 25. The National Center for Human Rights
- 26. Scala Organization for Women's Affairs
- 27. Deeman Organization for Social Issues
- 28. Bradost Institute for Development (BID)
- 29. Chawi Zanko Organization
- 30. Kordo Zanst Organization for Democracy and Human Rights
- 31. Kurdistan Economic Development Organization (KEDO)
- 32. Mediterranean Institute for Regional Research
- 33. Ronia Awareness and Health Organization
- 34- Wise organization for education
- 35. Lisa Human Development Organization
- 36. Bradstead Tourism Organization
- 37- Srouri Organization in Halabja
- 38. Nuwa Organization for the Protection of the Environment and Women's Rights
- 39. Future Organization
- 40 General Geography Organization in Kurdistan
- 41. Bidari Organization
- 42. HEWA Organization
- 43. Nishtemani Kurd Organization
- 44- Representatives of Sulaymaniyah in Kurdistan Nature Organization
- 45. Youth Development Center
- 46. Cord-Mad Organization for Cultural and Democratic Development
- 47 the group of the lost
- 48. The Aristotelian Organization
- 49. Pekoizian Organization
- 50. Enough Organization
- 51. Educational Development Organization
- 52. Merouf Dust for Cultural Development
- 53. Organization for community education
- 54. Cozain Development Organization
- 55. Daou Organization for Freedoms and Human Rights
- 56. Lopi Institute for Democratic Development
- 57. Youth and Students Club (SYEO)
- 58. Organization for Environmental Protection
- 59. AMC for the Anfal
- 60. Community Culture Organization
- 61. Dabeen Organization for Democratic Development and Human Rights
- 62. Dawaruz organization for the preparation of women leaders
- 63 Barbadian organization of youth capabilities
- 64. Azmun Organization AOCD

- 65. Sina Research and Development Organization
- 66. Bwar Center for Political and Strategic Research
- 67. Free Press Organization for Defense, Innovation and Training in the Field of Media
- 68. Silv Health Development and Education
- 69. Dostaiti Development and Human Support Organization
- 70. Elham organization for the development of children's abilities
- 71. Organization visited to defend freedoms
- 72. Raile Organization for Training and Human Development
- 73. Organization for the pursuit of justice
- 74. Alon Karafi Group
- 75. Organization of donors of bodies in the Kurdistan region
- 76. Union of Muslim Sisters
- 77. Defense of Universities and Institutes
- 78. Political and political development
- 79. Friends of Environment in Karamian
- 80. Peace and Rights Organization
- 81. Sarez Charitable Organization
- 82. Jawakee-Honri Organization
- 83. An organization dedicated to the development of the environment
- 84. Schiller Environmental Tourism Development
- 85. Youth Education Organization
- 86. HEWA Health Organization
- 87. Organization for Humanitarian Cooperation
- 88. Cat Center for Culture and Youth Training
- 89. Organization for the Protection of the Environment
- 90. Dahinan Organization for All
- 91. MAP Organization
- 92. Organization of Human Rights in Kurdistan
- 93. Transparency organization to fight corruption
- 94. Holh Organization for the Investigation of Crimes
- 95. Jaumeer Organization for Democracy and Human Rights
- 96. Adan Organization for Community Development
- 97. KODDHR (Dog for Democracy and Human Rights)
- 98. Hazeri King Foundation for the Development of Democracy and Human Rights (HGODHRD)
- 99 Organization of the individual site
- 100. Darijah Organization for Environmental Protection and Water Resources

Name of Figures:

- 1. Paiman Azaddin- Lawyer
- 2. Masud Abdul Khalig- Head of Standard Organization
- 3. Dr. Sarwar Abdul-Rahman Omer- Lecturer
- 4. Kamal Rauf-Journalist
- Kardo Muhammad- Former MP

- 6. Dr. Khamosh Omer-Lecturer
- 7. Jawad Saeed- Parliament Advisor
- 8. Dr. Dler Ahmed Hamad-Parliament Advisor
- Muhamd Sharazoori-Former MP
- 10. JUtiar Majeed-Former MP
- 11. Dr. Dana Saeed Sofi-Former MP
- 12. Khaman Zrar- Former MP
- 13. Razaw Mahmud Faraj- Former MP
- 14. Shawnm Muhamad Gharib- Former MP
- 15. Adnan Osman-Former MP
- 16. Kamal Chomani-Writer and journalist
- 17. Shwan Sabir Mustafa- Lawyer and Civil Activist
- 18. Hiwa Ali- Civil Activist
- 19. Shilan Ali- Civil Activist
- 20. Hemn Anwar Jawhar- Civil Activist
- 21. Shokhan Raza- Civil Activist
- 22. Omed Qaradaxi- researcher and lecturer
- 23. Bahra Hama Rash- Civil Activist and journalist
- 24. Arez Dara- Media employee and Civil Activist
- 25. Farman Rashad- Civil Activist
- 26. Dastan Jahfar- Civil Activist
- 27. Aram Sardar- journalist and Civil Activist
- 28. Rebin Fatah-Journalist
- 29. Younis Hamad-Civil Activist
- 30. Darun Najeeb- Civil Activist
- 31. Deren Ali- Civil Activist
- 32. Ibrahim Abbas- Civil Activist
- 33. Sewa Fatih- Civil Activist
- 34. Aso Qadir Abdullah- Civil Activist
- 35. Jiahd Hawez- Civil Activist
- 36. Ahmed jamil- lawyer and Civil Activist
- 37. Ako Abdulmajeed-teacher
- 38. Dr. Ismail Najmaddin- lecturer
- 39. Asoso Namig Brakhas-lecturer
- 40. Faris Murad hamasheen-teacher and Civil Activist
- 41. Bakhan Jahfar- Civil Activist
- 42. Fatah Hassan Qalani-teacher and Civil Activist
- 43. Kakaziad Hamad Abdullah- Civil Activist
- 44. Hogir Abdulrahman Saeed- Civil Activist
- 45. Hissam Barzinji- Civil Activist
- 46. Hemn Mamand-journalist Civil Activist
- 47. Majid Khalil- lecturer
- 48. Jegir Bradosti- Civil Activist
- 49. Qaraman Khoshnaw- Civil Activist

- 50. Sakar Aziz Rashid-lecturer
- 51. Bahroz Jahfar- Civil Activist
- 52. Ahmed Kawani- lawyer
- 53. Sardar Ali- lawyer
- 54. Saeed Maulud-lecturer
- 55. Naji Omer Ismail- Civil Activist
- 56. Lezan Abubakir- Civil Activist
- 57. Fareed Farhad-Lawyer and Civil Activist
- 58. Rezhna Majeed-Civil Activist
- 59. Baban Jahfar- Civil Activist
- 60. Rebeen Sabah- Lawyer and Civil Activist
- 61. Sarteep Khalis-lecturer
- 62. Khoshi Osman- lecturer
- 63. Dr. Tahseen Shafeeg Hissein-lecturer
- 64. Rebeen Ghareeb Nuri-lecturer
- 65. Shwan Assad Qadir- lecturer
- 66. Chro Osman- lecturer
- 67. Dr. Kawan Salahaddin Osman-lecturer
- 68. Gona Osman faris- lecturer
- 69. Shakir Mahmud Ahmed- lecturer
- 70. Banaz Hama Rasheed-lecturer
- 71. Aras Masud Ismail- lecturer
- 72. Dr. Sabah Muhamad Barzinji- Former MP and lecturer
- 73. Nizar Lateef- lecturer
- 74. Lana Abdulhamid Muhamad- lecturer
- 75. Rebaz Kamal Ghareeb- Civil Activist
- 76. Sarwat Muhamad Abdulkarim- Civil Activist
- 77. Qaisar Rahman-Civil Activist
- 78. Iqbal Ghafar- Civil Activist
- 79. Farhad Qadir- Civil Activist
- 80. Juuhaf Aziz- Civil Activist
- 81. Mahdi Omer Salih-lecturer
- 82. Hemen Hassan Muhamad- lecturer
- 83. Halat Rasheed Abdullah- lecturer
- 84. Deman Ahmed Saeed- lecturer
- 85. Dilan Jamal Qadir- lecturer
- 86. Frial Maruf Muhamad-Lawyer
- 87. Dr. Qaraman Nadir-lecturer
- 88. Zana Taifur- lecturer
- 89. Dr. Hoshmand Ali- lecturer
- 90. Dr. Ari Anwar ZUbair- lecturer
- 91. Ali Ilinjaghi- Veteran Peshmerga
- 92. Hakim Peshraw Said Brain- Veteran Peshmerga
- 93. Dr. Akram Khamosh-lecturer

- 94. Hunar Fazil Rasheed-teacher
- 95. Sarkawt Hadi Hama Karim-Veteran Peshmerga
- 96. Afan Mahmud Ahmed-teacher
- 97. Hawre Muhamad Rasul- lecturer
- 98. Zainab Omer Hama Ahmed- lecturer
- 99. Shakar Nuri-journalist
- 100. Khelan Hussein-Civil Activist
- 101. Nian Hakim Akram-lecturer
- 102. Shilan Aram Akram lecturer
- 103. Jaafar Hama Amin- Veteran Peshmerga