



National Endowment
for Democracy

Monitoring and Evaluating the Kurdistan Parliaments' Activities

First Round of the First Year
in the Kurdistan Parliaments' Fifth Term
(July 1, 2019, August 29, 2020)

Second report
of the fifth Round

March 2020



NED
National Endowment for Democracy



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For Education & Development

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The Project of Censorship and Evaluating the Works of the Parliament of Kurdistan

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The Second report in the fifth session
Second year - first session
in the fifth session of the Parliament of
Kurdistan
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)
Second Report

PAY Institute for Education and Development is a Kurdistan-based non-governmental organization that was formally registered at the non-governmental organizations department on (28/11/2013), and began its activities in December 2013.

Monitoring the Kurdistan Parliament Project:

This project started to perform its work with the beginning of the 4th term of the Kurdistan Parliament. And now, with the support of the National Endowment for Democracy (NED), it implements this project.



- ههوائی پۆژانهی پەرلهمان
- پەرلهمانی کوردستان له میدیاکاندا
- ئینفوگرافیک
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- دهستۆری عێراق

ههوائی پۆژانهی پەرلهمان



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وردهکاری دانیشتنی ئەمرۆی فراکسیۆنهکان



پڕۆژههک بۆ راگرتنی پهیرهوی نوێی ناوخۆی پەرلهمان پزێشکەش دهکرت



دوو کاندیدیاد تر له شوێنی قوباد تالهبانی و شاسوار عهبدولواحید سوێند دهخۆن

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18, 2019

پەرلهمانتارو نهبوونی ئیتمیل
31st, 2019

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18th, 2019

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13th, 2019

کارنامهی حکومهتهگهی مهسروور بارزانی و نهزموونی ولاتان
12th, 2019



لهسهه سهکالانی نهوهی نوێی سههزۆکی کاتیی پەرلهمانی بانگوینشتی دادگا کرا



گهتوگۆیهکی یاسایی سههبارت به پهیرهوی ناوخۆی پەرلهمانی کوردستان

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PAY Observatory for Parliament Censorship

www.payied.org

PAY Observatory is part of the project of censorshipping and evaluating the works of Parliament. This website publishes news in Kurdish and Arabic, PAY Observatory sections include:

- About PAY - PAY projects - PAY news
- Project of censorship on the Parliament of Kurdistan - Reports of the project of censorship on the Parliament of Kurdistan
- About Parliament of Kurdistan - History of Elections - Election Laws
- Parliament sessions - Parliament presidency – Parliament members - Parliament committees
- Laws
- Decisions
- Presense of Parliament members in Parliament sessions
- Contacting members of Parliament
- What posted about parliamentary work
- Publications of Parliament
- Video clips of Parliament sessions
- Photo gallery
- Freelance writers
- Locations

Information about the fifth session is available on the website and daily news of Parliament is published continuously

Introduction

Pursuant to the Law on Non-Governmental Organizations, No. (1) of 2011, the Right to Information Act in the Kurdistan Region, No. (11) of (2013) and Resolution No. (5) of 2013 of the Kurdistan Parliament on (Joint Pact) And Development between Public Authorities and Non-Governmental Organizations in the Kurdistan Region), the Pai Institute for Education and Development, at the beginning of the fourth term of the Pai (Mersad Pai) approach, one of the goals of which is to work on creating transparency and transparency in the parliament. , In addition to this purpose Pressure on political parties, the presidency, and members of parliament is another part of the goal of working with its partners in civil society.

The project, in collaboration with the National Endowment for Democracy (NED) in the United States, has published (13) reports in Kurdish (Arabic, English, English) on the fourth and second (2) reports on the fifth term, in addition to the publication of the quarterly report, the official website of the page, The Parliament's Daily Statement, the latest work, is a meeting of a number of organizations, experts and civil society activists around a network, with the aim of working and putting more pressure on a strong parliament.

According to Law No. (1) of 1992 on the Election of the Kurdistan Parliament and the Internal Rules of Parliament, the parliament in the region "exercises the highest legislative and supervisory authority, the political and legal authority, which is enshrined in all applicable laws and regulations." We think that for the sake of the coming of a parliament that can pass good laws and have a strong watch over the institutions of executive power, it can play its role in democratizing the foundations of democracy and achieving balance between China and its layers. In the community.

Pai wants to convey the letter to the electorate of power, who will make every effort to strengthen the region's highest institutions, and any further efforts to bypass the parliament will have a detrimental effect on the way the government is governed and the relationship between the people and the people.

**PAY Institute for Education and Development
March 2020**

Autumn course summary

According to the internal rules of the parliament, the term of the legislature is four months and two months off, due to discussions on the draft law on pensions, salaries and allowances and several other duties, the term of the term has been extended for one month, from (1/9/2019 to 31/9/2019). 1/2020) was.

□ **Legislation:**

During the autumn season, 18 sittings were held, but when the website of the Kurdistan Parliament published the names of the absent (unlicensed and unlicensed) parliamentarians, it considered the sittings of the parliamentary session to be (17) and did not count the opening of the autumn session.

According to Article (51) of the Internal Rules, two days a week (Tuesday, Saturday) are set aside for parliamentary sessions, which means that the parliament has to hold (40) sessions during that period, but the parliamentary presidency does not hold sessions to prevent the committees from reporting on them. Legislative proposals have been directed, but according to Article (37) of the internal rules, the presidency can change those committees, the question is why the presidency did not take these measures? While the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker have repeatedly stated in the sittings of the Parliament that the Committee has not written a 90-day proposal on the side of the law, it has not written a report on it, in accordance with the third paragraph of Article (19) of the Internal Rules, overseeing and monitoring the work of the committees and submitting their reports.

1-1: Incomplete implementation of autumn season plans ..?!

At the opening day of the autumn term (1/9/2019), the Speaker and the heads of the factions declared (127) points as the work of the previous (autumn) term of the autumn term, but in this course the first reading for (22) proposals and bills was made, (4) The law and (2) resolutions were approved, of which (127) points, (103) of which were in the forefront of the constituent factions of the government, among the most important common points among them were: (Activation of the Constitutional Committee, bringing the (2020) budget to Parliament, Return of wage savings by law, regulation of border gates, disposal of income sources, d. Social and health inequalities, the fate of contract workers, the establishment of the first universities, the amendment of the Investment Law, the Retirement Law of the Internal Security Forces), but none of these points were applicable to the law and the decision and the Constitutional Committee did not apply (except Article 13). In the section on the final rulings of the Reform Act, which is contained in Article 1, it states: "The Ministry of Finance, within the framework of regulating the banking sector of the region and by electronic banking services, will set up a special account for each payer and beneficiary of the general budget, for the purpose of providing The (protection) of all financial liabilities is also covered by the unpaid financial liabilities, "the second paragraph states: How to open the account and take advantage of the salary and benefits of the account, in accordance with the financial guidelines set forth by the Ministry of Finance and Economy. It is unknown at this time what he will do after leaving the post. The content of the report is based on the priorities of all parties, and the level of their work in the autumn term is indicated. The appendix contains the statements of the Speaker and the Speaker of the Factions. ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾-For a comparison between the speeches and actions of the Speaker of the Parliament and the factions, see the text of the speech of the Speaker and the Speaker of the Factions, in Appendix No. (1) of this report.

The status of the Permanent Parliamentary Committees:

The work of the Permanent Committees is a major pillar of the legislative process and oversight of the institutions, during which time the Speaker and members of Parliament have been very critical of the work of the Committees, especially in writing reports on the proposed legislation, in their parliamentary sessions. And the members have been informed of the violations of the rules by the Standing Committees, with a special contribution and instead the duties of the Standing Committees are set out in the appendix.

In both parliamentary sessions (53) proposals and bills have been submitted to the committees, but according to the news on the official website of the parliament, only (24) reports have been written, (10) members or a faction, according to Article (36) of the Internal Rules, can follow through. The presence of (45) forty-five days, on directing a draft to the Special Committee, would require clarification on the draft from the Committee, but writing (24) a report on the proposed legislation is contrary to the statement of the Leader of the Factions and directing all of the proposed proposals to the Legislature. First, Because their members are on the committees and can carry out their duties, at the same time proving that the Speaker of the Parliament has a greater number of written reports on the proposed legislation both to convene a parliamentary session and to pass more laws.

Pursuant to Article (41) of the Constitution, it is the duty of the committees to monitor the level of implementation of the rules, but if we take a few laws, for example, it appears to us that the committees have not fulfilled their duties, for example: (Kurdistan Press Law No. 35 (2007)) During the autumn, there are several cases of journalists who have not been dealt with and imprisoned under this law, or who violate Law No. (1) of 2011 on non-governmental organizations, and the Ministry of Finance is now dealing with corporations in violation of the law.No. (5) of the year (2013) of the Right to Information and Implementation of the Kurdistan Parliament itself and the issuance of instructions by the Council of Ministers, these and several other laws that the functions of the committees and parliamentarians follow and pressure to implement.

The parliament has set a poor example in the formation of committees of inquiry, one of which is, after the death of a union peshmerga in Erbil security ⁽²⁾ and the dissatisfaction of union officials and parliamentarians with the so-called drowning, a sub-committee between the 30-member committee, the peshmerga committee and (2020) issued a statement stating: "We support the Public Security Declaration and no point has been made that would be contrary to the declared Security.

The statement also sparked tensions between the speaker and the deputy chairman and members of the committees, and several comments were made,⁽³⁾ which resulted in the

(2)-On (14/1/2020) Erbil security, a peshmerga named (Majid Ibrahim Haruti), who was in charge of the 1st Brigade of the Kosrat Rasool Forces, was going to his house, after two days his family was told to go and get his body from a forensic doctor in Erbil. And his family said they would take his body to a forensic doctor in Sulaymaniyah to ascertain the cause of his death.

(³)-The Speaker of the Parliament said in a statement: "After a statement was issued today in the name of the parliamentary committee following the case (Majid Ibrahim), we hereby declare that no signed and official report has been submitted to the Board of Trustees," the Speaker said in a statement. Conclude the report. At the same time, the parliamentary website has been used to dissuade public opinion as the investigation into the case is still ongoing and it is not the job of the parliamentary committee to speak unanimously. Therefore, once again, we will not allow the official website of the Kurdistan Parliament, which only publishes reports on the official views of the parliament and the activities of the parliamentary committees, to be used for any other purpose, and we will closely monitor and direct the work of the parliament.

closure of the case and the dismissal of the deputy speaker of the Kurdistan Parliament at the official moment of the parliamentary session, as the parliamentary speaker's statement came in the morning.

Regarding the attendance of the members, the Speaker said: "The absence of members from the sittings of the Parliament and the meetings of the Committees has become apparent, and at the end of the month (12/2019) the official website of the Parliament published a number of absences, including the contents of the report." Sittings of Parliament and meetings of committees.

3- Institutional Monitoring status;

Regarding the task of overseeing the implementation institutions, MPs have asked more than (264) questions to the government in this session. The Speaker of the Parliament stated in the sitting No. (8) On (04/12/2019) " (150) questions have passed the legal deadline of answering which is (21) days. More questions have been asked, but instead of telling our members the government will not answer us, article (70) authorizes the member to proceed to the questioning stage, in addition, we have instructed the Secretary of Parliament and sent a letter of emphasis to the government." At the opening of the spring term, the Speaker said; "Once again we don't allow follow-up points on your questions, we urge you to take follow-up measures". The remarks of the Speaker prove that Parliamentarians have ignored part of the internal rules regarding the monitoring process, which is questioning stage. In this session, questions were only asked to the finance minister, but he did not go to parliament.

The deputy speaker of parliament later announced: " The latest in a series of articles related to the case of Majid Ibrahim Haruti, the Peshmerga Committee of the Kurdistan Parliament and the Committee on Social Affairs informed the Speaker of the Parliament that a sub-committee would be formed to investigate the case. Pursuant to Article 19 (3), the task of overseeing and pursuing the Kurdistan Permanent Committees is the power of the Deputy Speaker. We have repeatedly called for the work of the committee, and its members have been informed that their work is going well, and that the public security officials are very cooperative and co-ordinate, and have provided all the explanations, and have visited the venues and the forensic clinics and Shaqlawa security.

Apparently today, January 30, both sub-committees met to discuss the preparation of their latest work report and to raise it for the presidency of the parliament. And by the chairman of the Social Affairs Committee and the members of the committee, they warned us that their report would be completed next week. Inside the meeting, they stated that they would give a summary of the news as a result of their visit and follow up on the case of public security in Erbil, to the official website of the Kurdistan Parliament, and we did not hesitate. The Standing Committee and its sub-committees, in terms of meetings and activities, have the power of the committees to publish their activity reports and even their committee's announcements on the parliament's website. We announce to the public that the Kurdistan Parliament has not set up a special committee of inquiry because this article should be created in accordance with the internal provisions of Article 43 of the first paragraph at the request of 1/4 of the members or the Speaker and be created with the consent and vote of the members of the Kurdistan Parliament. The writings of the sub-committees were the result of the work of the committees and there was no contradiction in the work of the committees. And I would like to clarify that, unfortunately, from the very beginning, there have been different comments on the case and accusations of public safety and the KDP's assassination of Majid Ibrahim, And the efforts to win the case, by making it both partisanship and politicization, were a bad start in pursuing the facts.

(3) Later (Osman Seder) from the Union faction, the chairman of the Committee to Investigate the Death of Majid Haruti, said; the announcement that was made in the name of the Kurdistan Parliament, Neither as the chairman of the committee, nor as Mr. Rizgar of the Change faction, nor of Mr. Zakri of the PUK faction, have we been notified in any way, several other members of the committee from KDP faction have issued the statement without our knowledge, and we are not with that announcement. This situation that is highlighted here is the work of the judiciary, especially when no final decision has been made. But when the committee was formed it had to do things in a way that was in line with the glory of the institution, But the existence of a partisan influence on the affairs of the committee led to a dispute between the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker and the members of the Committee, and as a result they were unable to show the truth of the matter.

"Parliamentarians have ignored part of the internal rules regarding the monitoring process, which is questioning stage"

In order to highlight the questions of the members that have been directed to the government and the members themselves have raised the issue in the media, including:

1-Taking money in twenty-one different ways from the border gates and entering (old and unoccupied vehicles, carriages and expensive cars, milk and liver and several types of expired food, taking out metal minerals and importing several types of banned products such as eggs and Doug, Etc.), but this could not be prevented.

2- Several questions and epistles have been sent to the government about oil and domestic revenues and spending methods, but they have not been answered.

3-Pursue on the household water standard, the problem still remains the same.

4- The non-distribution of white oil to the citizens, while the government has provided two refineries to the private sector, but they do not supply white oil domestically.

5- Disclosure of Corruption in the High Council of Women. As a result, in February 2020, the chairman of the council was removed, and it is unknown if her removal was related to the case or not? Are there any other legal measures taken on the corruption case?

6- Pursue on the online transaction system in the Regional Judicial Offices, as a result, the Erbil Administrative Court has decided of cancellation of the contracts that had been made with the companies. But to date that decision has not been implemented by the Ministry of Justice.

There are several other tasks that the presidency and the majority of parliamentarians and factions have been able to follow and have not done, such as: Article (66) Section (1) states: (10) Members may, upon request, submit a request to the Presidency for a general discussion. In this session, apart from the question of the financial merits of the farmers and the arrival of Regional Government Negotiation Delegation with the Center, no other application has been made to the agenda, or Article (68 to 71) which deals with the questioning, or Article (I and II) of Article (98), deals with the general budget, Or as provided in Article (16) of Section (7), the Parliamentary Accounting Directorate shall, at the end of each financial year, submit the final accounts and the operating systems to the Presidency for approval and refer them to the Finance and Economic Affairs Committee. In order to review and submit a report to the Parliament, but this task has not been carried out. While information has been circulating in the media that the Kurdistan Parliament is indebted and the property of the parliament has been sold for a number of purposes, because a lot of wasting has been done in the parliamentary budget.

Under the internal rules of parliament, there are several articles that the government is obliged to abide by, but according to the Speaker of the Parliament and members, they have the least commitment.

Under the internal rules of parliament, there are several articles that the government is obliged to abide by, but according to the Speaker of the Parliament and members, they have the least commitment, for example; Article (60) Clause (3), the party to whom the question is directed shall answer the question within (7) seven days, in any case, the answer to the question shall not be delayed by more than (21) twenty-one days. Article (66) section (1), (10) of the Ten Members, may, make a request for the submission of a general matter, for discussion, within a period not exceeding (14) fourteen days, under no circumstances should their attendance exceed (21) days. Article (70) section (2) states that the person to be questioned must on the day the question was received, answer within fourteen (14) days, the

MPs' remarks made at the sittings were evidence that the government had adhered to these points least of the times.

4-Budget question and final account

Article (98) of the first clause states that at the beginning of October every year, the Council of Ministers must submit the estimated budget to Parliament, but it has not been done. According to the second clause of the same article, it is necessary for the Council of Ministers to send the final count of the previous year to the Parliament at the end of April of each year, this has not been done and this is the (7) years (2014-2020) the budget and the (9) years (2011-2019) the final count have not gone to Parliament.

If the reason for not sending the budget (2020) is the lack of budget approval in Baghdad, then what is the reason for the government not sending the final figures of previous years to the parliament, so that the representatives of the people and the public will know how much the budget was in previous years and how it was spent?

Sessions of the Parliament (01/09/2019 - 29/02/2020)

Table No. (1)

NO	Invite Day	Session Day	Number of sessions	Number of work session	The duration of the session	note
1	28/08/2019	01/09/2019	Course Opening	4	1:30	
2	15/09/2019	17/09/2019	1	3	2:00	
3	23/09/2019	25/09/2019	2	2	5:00	
4	27/09/2019	29/09/2019	3	1	2:00	
5	13/10/2019	15/10/2019	4	1	1:30	
6	21/10/2019	23/10/2019	5	2	3:00	* Minister of Municipalities and Regional Minister for Parliamentary Affairs were present.
7	28/10/2019	30/10/2019	6	2	1:30	
8	11/11/2019	13/11/2019	7	3	1:30	
9	02/12/2019	04/12/2019	8	4	5:00	* The Minister of Commerce was present.
10	08/12/2019	10/12/2019	9	3	5:00	* The Ministers of Education, Electricity, and Regional Minister for Parliamentary Affairs were present, but the Minister of Commerce was not present, he had to be there.
11	12/12/2019	16/12/2019	10	3	4:00	* The Minister of Health was present. * The second reading session of

						the Drugs Bill, the session was closed.
12	16/12/2019	18/12/2019	11	1	5:00	
13	22/12/2019	24/12/2019	12	4	1:00	* The Minister of State for Structural Affairs was present.
14	09/01/2020	12/01/2020	13	3	11:00	* Live broadcasts of the parliamentary session on the bill on drugs (drugs and mental cartels) were suspended. * Ministers (Finance, Interior, Peshmerga, Region for Parliamentary Affairs, Chairman of the Council of Ministers, Secretary of the Council of Ministers) were present.
15	12/01/2020	13/01/2020	14	1	11:00	* Ministers (Finance, Region for Parliamentary Affairs, Chairman of the Council of Ministers, Secretary of the Council of Ministers) were present.
16	14/01/2020	16/01/2020	15	1	2:30	
17	21/01/2020	23/01/2020	16	2	3:30	* The session was secretly held by a vote of 73 members.
18	28/01/2020	30/01/2020	17	3	3:00	* Ministers of Agriculture and Commerce were present.
Total			18	43	69:00	

**Names of the proposals and the law projects for which the first reading
Was conducted
Table No. (2)**

NO.	Law project's name	First reading	Second reading	Provided by	Committees referred to
1	The first internal procedure of the Kurdistan-Iraq Parliament.	Session No. (1) on (17/09/2019)	Session No. (2) on (25/09/2019)	Members of (Democratic Party, Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, Gorran, The National Union Alliance, Turkmen Development Party)	* Legal affairs
2	Proposals law of (Application and Amendment to the Oil and Gas Trafficking Prevention Act No. (41) of 2008).	Session No. (1) on (17/09/2019)		Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	* Legal affairs * Energy and natural resources
3	Proposals law of (Amendments to the Federal Law on the Protection of Iraqi Products No. (11) of 2010 amended).	Session No. (1) on (17/09/2019)		Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	* Legal affairs * Agriculture and Irrigation * Energy and natural resources
4	Proposals law of (organization and unification of the greengrocer).	Session No. (1) on (17/09/2019)		Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	* Legal affairs * Agriculture and Irrigation
5	Proposals of (Applications of Federal Law on Electronic Signatures and Electronic Transactions).	Session No. (1) on (17/09/2019)		Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	* Legal affairs
6	Proposals of (Using and Amendments to the Anti-Trafficking and Prohibition Act for Exchange in Domestic Markets No. (18) of 2008).	Session No. (1) on (17/09/2019)		Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	* Legal affairs * Peshmerga and local (In case of separation of committees, it takes the direction of the local committee).
7	Proposals of (Application and Amendment to the Law on the Import and Sale of Petroleum Products No. (9) of 2006)	Session No. (1) on (17/09/2019)		Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	* Legal affairs * Energy and natural resources
8	Proposals of the Quality Assurance Agency Act	Session No. (5) on (23/10/2019)		Members of(Gorran, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Kurdistan Islamic Union, New Generation)	* Legal affairs * Finance Committee * Energy and natural resources * Health and the environment
9	Proposals of the Public Prosecution Act	Session No. (5) on (23/10/2019)		Members of (Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, Gorran, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Kurdistan Islamic Union, New Generation)	* Legal affairs
10	Proposals of the Law on the Rights and Privileges of Persons with Disabilities	Session No. (5) on (23/10/2019)		Members of (Gorran, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Kurdistan Islamic Union, New Generation)	* Legal affairs * Social Affairs
11	Proposals for the protection of teachers and educational leaders	Session No. (5) on (23/10/2019)		Members of (Gorran, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Kurdistan Islamic Union New Generation)	* Legal affairs * Education and higher education

12	Proposals of Family Development Law	Session No. (5) on (23/10/2019)		Members of (Gorran, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Kurdistan Islamic Union, New Generation)	* Legal affairs * Social Affairs
13	The proposal law of the ownership of the surplus lands on which it is based	Session No. (10) on (06/07/2019)	Session No. (11) on (23/10/2019)	Members of (Party, Gorran, Structure, Azadi, Patriotic Union of Kurdistan)	* Legal affairs * Municipality and transport, delivery and reconstruction
14	Proposal law of (Rights and Duties of Patients in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq)	Session No. (6) on (30/10/2019)		* Members (Party, Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, Gorran, Kurdistan Islamic Group, New Generation)	* Legal affairs * Health and the environment
15	Proposal Law of (Commercial Advertising in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq)	Session No. (6) on (30/10/2019)	Session No. (8) on (4/12/2019) Session No. (9) on (10/12/2019)	* Members (Party, Yakety, Gorran, Kurdistan Islamic Group, New Generation, Millat)	* Legal affairs * Enlightenment * Municipality and transportation
16	Proposal for the Protection of Domestic Products in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq	Session No. (7) on (13/11/2019)		* Members (Party, Yakety, Gorran)	* Legal affairs * Energy and natural resources
17	Proposal of (Resisting the smuggling of oil and oil in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq)	Session No. (7) on (13/11/2019)		* Members (Party, Yakety, Gorran, New Generation, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Yakety Natawaey)	* Legal affairs * Energy and natural resources * Interior and security
18	Proposal of (Agricultural insurance in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq)	Session No. (7) on (13/11/2019)		*members (New Generation, Kurdistan Islamic Group)	* Legal affairs * Finance and economy * Agriculture and aquaculture
19	Proposed decision of Recruitment of Contract Staff in the Kurdistan Region)	Session No. (7) on (13/11/2019)		*Memebers (Yakety)	* Legal affairs
20	Project law of Drugs and Mental Illness in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq	Session No. (8) on (4/12/2019)	Session No. (10) on (16/12/2019) Session No. (11) on (18/12/2019)	*Council of Ministers	* Legal affairs * Interior and security * Health and the environment * Social Affairs
21	Proposal (Days of Official Events of the Turkmen Nation)	Session No. (9) on (10/12/2019)	Session No. (12) on (24/12/2019)	* Members (Party, Yakety, Gorran, Sardam, Azadi, Structure)	* Legal affairs * Enlightenment
22	Reforms in pensions, salaries, pensions and other benefits	Session No. (10) on (16/12/2019)	Session No. (13) on (12/01/2020) and Session No. (14) on (13/01/2020)	* Council of Ministers	* Legal affairs * Peshmerga * Interior and security * Finance and economy * Martyrdom and genocide

Approved laws Table No. (3)

No.	The name of the law	Third reading and approval	Level of implementation	Note
1	Proposed law on the acquisition of surplus land on municipal boundaries in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq.	Session No. (6) On (30/10/2019)	Retrieved by the President of the Region.	It has been approved by the vote of (100) MPs.
2	Law No. (3) on the acquisition of surplus land on municipal boundaries in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq.	Session No. (8) On (04/12/2019)	Published in The Waqaah (245) of (24/12/2019)	It has been approved by the vote of (74) MPs.
3	Law No. (4) of Commercial Advertising in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq.	Session No. (10) On (16/12/2019)	Published in The Waqaah (246) of (27/1/2020)	It has been approved by the vote of (84) MPs.
4	Law No. (1) on Drugs and Mental Illness in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq	Session No. (13) On (12/1/2020)	It has not yet been published on the parliament's website or on the Waqaah, and the fate is unknown	It has been approved by the vote of (88) MPs.
5	Law No. (2) of the Law on the Reform of Salaries, allowances, Benefits, Privileges and Pensions in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq.	Session No. (15) On (16/1/2020)	Published in the Waqaah (247) of the incident on (6/2/2020)	It has been approved by the vote of (89) MPs.

Approved decisions Table No. (4)

No	decisions Number	Decision history	Decision Name	Sitting history	Note
1	12	13/10/2019	The first internal regulation of the Kurdistan Parliament	Session No. (3) On (29/09/2019)	Approved by (91) MPs and published in the Waqaah(242) on (31/10/2019).
2	15	24/12/2019	Extension of the autumn term for one month	Session No. (12) On (24/12/2019)	It was approved by a vote of (77) MPs and was published in the Waqaah (246) on (27/1/2020).
3	3	12/1/2020	Decision of the official days of the Turkmen nation	Session No. (13) On (12/01/2020)	It has been approved by the votes of (73) MPs, not yet published on the Parliament website, published in the Waqaah(248) on (1/3/2020).

Attendance and permission of MPs in (18) sitting of the autumn term
Table No. (5)

No.	MPs name	Block	Permission	Absentees	Note
1	Hevidar Ahmed Salman	PDK	2*	-	
2	Jalal Mohammed Abdullah	PDK	2*	-	
3	Sarwan Mohammed Ali	PDK	2*	1	
4	Peshawa Tahir Mustafa	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
5	Bahjat Ali Ibrahim	PDK	5*	-	
6	Sabah Mahmood Mohammed	PDK	1*	-	
7	Rzgar Esa Swar	PDK	2*	-	
8	Reving Mohammed Mohammed	PDK	1*	-	
9	Hikmat Mohammed Abu zed	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
10	Omed Adulrahman Hasan	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
11	Shwan Karim Mohammed Sadiq	PDK	2	-	
12	Salam Abdulla Hasan	PDK	1	1#	
13	Zhar Xalid Adulla	PDK	1	-	
14	Rebwar Abdulrahim Abdulla	PDK	1	-	
15	Waisy Saeed Waisy	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
16	Muhsin Hussien Mustafa	PDK	-	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
17	Safen Agha Omer	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
18	Mam Askander Mam	PDK	-	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
19	Arshad Hsein Mohammed	PDK	2*	-	
20	Zana Xalid Smail	PDK	2*	-	
21	Ehsan Mohammed Salim	PDK	1*	-	
22	Bahman Kak Abdulla Ahmed	PDK	2*	-	
23	Baxtyar Shukry Sleman	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
24	Jihad Hasan Ibrahim	PDK	2	-	
25	Saeed Mustafa Tatarxan	PDK	3*	-	
26	Xadija Omer Taha	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
27	Edris Ismael Abush	PDK	1	-	
28	Nzar Adulghafar Aziz	PDK	1	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
29	Chya Hamid Sharif	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
30	Zahir Muhammad Ali	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
31	Hadya Murad Haidar	PDK	1*	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
32	Jwan Younis Muhammed	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
33	Liza Falakadin Sabir	PDK	2	-	
34	Rozhan Ibrahim Ali	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
35	Layla Abduljabar Hado	PDK	-	1	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
36	Najat Shaaban Abdula	PDK	4*	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
37	Sawsan Muhammed Mirxan	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
38	Gulizar Rashid Haji	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
39	Galawezh Obed Osman	PDK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance

40	Zhyan Tahir Ahmed	PKD	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
41	Hasiba Saeed Ibrahim	PKD	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
42	Gulstan Baqi Sleman	PKD	1*	1	
43	Zedan Rashidxan Awdal	PKD	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
44	Lanja Ibrahim Abdulrahman	PKD	1	-	
45	Shno Ashqy Abdulla	PUK	2*	-	
46	Rozhan Muhammed Karim	PUK	3*	-	
47	Jamal Hawez Mustafa	PUK	1	-	
48	Zyad Jabar Muhammed	PUK	6**	1#	
49	Osman Karim Swara	PUK	3*	-	
50	Sarko Azad Hseen	PUK	5**	-	
51	Hazhan Hasan Ahmed	PUK	1*	-	
52	Abas Fatah Salih	PUK	6*	-	
53	Faisal Abas Aula	PUK	4	-	
54	Luqman Hamad Haji	PUK	2	-	
55	Hersh Hasan Ahmed	PUK	1	-	
56	Hawre Bana Muhammed	PUK	3*	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
57	Shamol Ashty Sabir	PUK	1*	-	Has no permit and no attendance
58	Balanbo Muhammed Ali	PUK	-	1	
59	Karwan Abdulrahman Abdulla	PUK	2	-	
60	Zikra Ahmed Ismael	PUK	1*	-	
61	Abdulnasir Ahmed Ali	PUK	1	-	
62	Salma Fatih Tofiq	PUK	4*	-	
63	Rahi Rahbar Saidbraim	PUK	3**	-	
64	Shirin Younis Abdulla	PUK	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
65	Ali Hama Salih	Change	1*	-	
66	Shirin Amin Abdulaziz	Change	2*	1	
67	Goran Omer Ali	Change	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
68	Shayan Kaka Salih	Change	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
69	Yasin Xzr Taha	Change	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
70	Rzgar Muhammed Mahmood	Change	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
71	Ashna Abdulla Qadir	Change	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
72	Jalal Muhammed Amin	Change	1	-	
73	Shaxawan Rauf Mustafa	Change	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
74	Daban Muhammed Hsen	Change	1*	1#	
75	Balen Ismael Haji	Change	2*	-	
76	Gulistan Saed Muhammed	Change	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
77	Kazm Faruq Namiq	New Generation	1	1	
78	Kawa Abdulqadir Hasan	New Generation	-	1	
79	Sipan Salim Hasan	New Generation	1*	-	
80	Mzhda Mahmood Mohammed	New Generation	1*	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
81	Dyari Anwar Hamarahim	Independent	4	-	
82	Mam Burhan Qanah	Independent	-	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
83	Sirwan Faraj Mohammed	Independent	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
84	Shadi Nawzad Wahab	Independent	1	-	

85	Soran Omer Saed	Kurdistan Islamic Group	3*	-	
86	Abdulstar Majid Qadr	Kurdistan Islamic Group	2*	-	
87	Osman Ali Smael	Kurdistan Islamic Group	4***	-	
88	Hawraman Hamasharif Hama	Kurdistan Islamic Group	2*	-	
89	Muslim Abdulla Rasul	Kurdistan Islamic Group	3	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
90	Badrya Ismaeel Mahmood	Kurdistan Islamic Group	2	-	
91	Rupak Ahmed Rahman	Kurdistan Islamic Group	-	1#	
92	Sherko Jawdat Mustafa	Kurdistan Islamic Union	5*	-	
93	Ismaeel Ali Taha	Kurdistan Islamic Union	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
94	Abubakr Omer Abdulla	Kurdistan Islamic Union	2*	-	
95	Sarchnar Ahmed Mahmood	Kurdistan Islamic Union	1	-	
96	Halz Ahmed Mohammed	Kurdistan Islamic Union	1*	-	
97	Bapir Kamala Salman	Sardam	2**	-	
98	Mhedin Hasan Yousif	Azadi	1	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
99	Mohammed Saadadin Anwar	Turkmen Development Party	5**	-	is not on the parliamentary list of Attendance
100	Sara Dlshad Bakr	Turkmen Development Party	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
101	Himdad Salih Bilal	Turkmen Front	6**	-	
102	Azad Akram Bahram	Nation Party	4**	1#	
103	Romeo Huzairan Nisan	Christian	2*	-	
104	Jinan Jabar Buya	Christian	-	-	Has no permit and no attendance
105	Robina Omilk Aziz	Christian	1*	-	
106	Clara Odisho Yaaqub	Kldan	1	-	
107	Farid Yaqub Elia	Rafidaen	3*	-	
108	Fahik Kamal Suxun	Armenian	1	-	
total			158	12	

- * This (*) sign shall be based on the number of permits of each Member of Parliament, that is, it has been in two sessions (morning, evening) of part of the sitting, and has permission in part of the session. Each MP who has this (#) sign on his or her absence number, means that the session, which was divided into two parts (morning, evening), was not part of the session.
- ☐ Following the vote on the Reform Act on (16/01/2020) Shady Nawzad, MPs of the New Generation block, was removed from the block by her party's Supreme Council. She also said that she had asked the Speaker of Parliament to work independently. MPs (Mem Burhan, Diyar Anwar, Sirwan Baban) stated that they are also acting as independents and are not affiliated with the New Generation block.
- Twelve MPs names have not been released from the list of unauthorized and unauthorized attendees on the official website of the parliament, and comments have been made on their names. But we have recorded their absence from the parliamentary secretary.
- Thirty MPs, whose names have been written down, attended all the sessions in the fall session. The absence and permission of the members based on the sitting are on the website of the Parliamentary Monitoring Project (payied.org) which has a section on the absence of MPs.

**Summary of the work of the parliamentary committees:
Table No. (6)**

No.	The name of the committee	No. of Proposal law presented	No. of written report on the proposals	No. of sessions	Listening sessions	Follow-up and research	Field visit	Minister's participation in the sessions	Establish a subcommittee
1	Legislative Committee	26	9	25	2	–	–	5	–
2	Finance and Economic Affairs	3	1	15	3	2	2	6	–
3	Peshmerga	3	2	10	8	1	7	2	2
4	Agriculture and Irrigation	3	1	9	2	–	–	1	1
5	Education, Higher Education, and Scientific Research	1	–	13	3	1	4	2	2
6	Health, Environment and Consumer Rights	4	1	15	1	–	3	2	1
7	Martyrs' Affairs, Genocide and Political Prisoners	2	2	13	9	1	1	4	–
8	Relations and Kurdish Diaspora	–	–	11	5	–	4	1	1
9	Kurdistani Areas outside KRG Administrative Area	–	–	8	14	1	–	1	1
10	Energy, Natural Resources, Commerce and Industry	6	1	10	5	7	3	–	–
11	Municipalities, Transport, Communication, Travel and Tourism	2	2	15	8	2	5	2	1
12	Culture, Civil Society, Sports and Youth	2	2	14	16	4	4	2	1
13	Integrity	–	–	12	1	–	15	1	4
14	Endowments and Religious Affairs	–	–	8	1	–	3	1	–

15	Social Affairs and Protection of Human Rights	3	1	16	8	–	12	1	–
16	Interior, Security and Local Councils	4	1	10	–	–	–	3	–
17	Reconstruction and Investment	–	–	6	2	–	4	–	2
18	Protection of Women's Rights	–	–	7	4	–	2	–	–
19	Parliament Affairs and Complaints	–	–	6	1	1	–	–	–
	Total	53	24	223	93	20	69	34	16

The idea of members Table No. (7)

According to point (2) Clause (first) of Article (49) of the Internal Rules of the Kurdistan Parliament, each member has the right to submit an opinion for a period not exceeding ten (10) minutes.

No.	MP's Names	Block	Date	Topic
1	Hevidar Ahmad Salman	PDK	17/9/2019	Population of the Kurdistan Region
2	Jwan Younis Rozhbayany	PDK	13/11/2019	Re-Arabization and the Danger of Amending Article (140) of the Iraqi Constitution
3	Karwan Abdulrahman Abdulla	PUK	13/11/2019	How to make oil transparent in the Kurdistan Region
4	Lanja Ibrahim Abdulrahman	PDK	4/12/2019	International Day for the Victims of Genocide
5	Mam Burhan Qani'h	Independent	24/12/2019	Revenue policy
6	Dr. Galawezh Obed Osman	PDK	23/1/2020	Establishment of a National Hereditary Counseling Center due to the increase in the number of failed children and hereditary diseases

Parliament Duties:

First - Legislation: This task is accomplished through the sittings of the Parliament and the work of the Permanent Committees. In this section they shall put the debates in the sittings of the Parliament which are to be violated, And disagreements will arise between MPs and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and discussions will be held on the functions of the Parliament.

Second - Supervision: The supervision function is carried out in the same way as legislation through sittings of parliaments and committees. In this section they lay down the articles of procedure that (factions, permanent committees, MPs) have not implemented, or the least work has been done on them.

Third - Budget: The articles of incorporation are set out in this section which discusses the budget receipts and final accounts.

First – Legislation:

1- Sessions of the Parliament:

In the following sessions, the first reading has been opened for (22) (proposals and draft laws and decisions), only (4) laws and (3) decisions have been approved. The state of the sessions was as follows.

Autumn Course Opening Session, (01/09/2019).

At the opening ceremony of the autumn term, the Speaker and the heads of the factions announced the priorities of the autumn term, we will show the main points of the Speaker's speech, and her level of works. Then we will show the work of the factions for the autumn course and their level of work without repeating it.

At first the Speaker said: " The Autumn Course on Legislation, Monitoring and following up the Preparations of the General Budget of the Region is a Real and Different Duty to the Parliament and the Parliamentarians. It is important that we have a clear legislative approach to the season and that we do not neglect the role of government oversight in the legislative framework, as these two functions complement each other and complement each other's values."

She said: "As the Speaker of the Kurdistan Parliament, we plan to focus our work on several levels and focus on these points: -

No.	Previous Works	Level of working
1	In addition to working to coordinate and strengthen our relations with all Kurdish factions in the Iraqi Council of Representatives, we will continue our political efforts and exercise our constitutional and legal rights. On the one hand, to prevent the adoption of legislative proposals that violate the constitutional rules and principles of the federal system, such as (Civil Service Bill) and the like. On the other hand, in the Union Court we will only pass laws that violate the fundamental rules aimed at eliminating or reducing the powers of the region's constitutional	<p>* On (08/09/2019) a representative of a part of the Kurdish factions in the Iraqi House of Representatives visited the Kurdistan Parliament and met with the Speaker of the Parliament and its factions and they put together a plan of action.</p> <p>* On (12/11/2019) the official website of the Parliament published: The Speaker of the Kurdistan Parliament, in the name of the Parliament and in coordination with the Committee for the Kurdistan Region Outside the Kurdistan Regional Government in the Kurdistan Parliament, filed a legal complaint against the provisions of</p>

	institutions, such as the Federal Finance Act, which was approved in 2019.	Article (3,12,16,17) of the Provincial Council Election Law in the Federal Court through the lawyer Sardar Harki who was chosen by Presidency. The court upheld the complaint in the interest of the Speaker of the Kurdistan Parliament, thus restoring the right to vote for thousands of Kurds in Kurdish areas outside the region's administration.
2	The Kurdistan Parliament, meanwhile, urges all political parties to unite and coordinate in resolving the problems in Kirkuk and all Kurdish regions outside the region, and to encourage them to prepare for the provincial elections and the census process decided by the central government. It declares its political support for the choice of dialogue between the regional government and the federal government in the direction of a balanced and logical solution to the problems in the interests of the Kurds and the promotion of political and economic stability.	* In the 16th session on (23/01/2020), the Kurdistan Regional Government (KRG) Negotiating Delegation was hosted to discuss the outcome of their meetings with the Federal Government on the (2020 Budget and Oil Case).
3	In order to pave the way for a political environment and a healthy environment for the functioning of the Constitutional Preparatory Committee for the referendum. We have visited the political parties in the Kurdistan Region. We will continue to create a kind of political and national code of conduct regarding the draft constitution of the Kurdistan Region, which will eventually be a shadow of the gathering of all differences and a protector of public rights and freedoms, and we will have to agree to some kind of preliminary code of conduct.	* The Presidency of the Parliament visited the Presidency of the Region and its parties (PUK, Change, Kurdistan Islamic Union, Communist, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Political Parties of the Kurdistan Region).
4	The regional government has a proclamation that has been tabled in front of parliament, The implementation of the program also requires a legislative framework that will see itself in about 14-16 draft laws. Most importantly, the reform is in the areas of spending, income, public service and retirement, and the reform of the health and medicine and food sectors through its projects (National Institute for Drugs and Food, Protection of Patients' Rights, Protection of doctors and health workers), Project Law (Protection of Water Resources in the Kurdistan Region), Project Law (All Investment Law), Project Law (Agricultural Insurance), (Project Law Labor and Social Insurance Bill for Private Sector Workers), (Contemporary Banking System Bill), etc. Therefore, from the point of view of the parliament, it is the responsibility of the legislature to ensure that the legislature, like itself, is the majority of the majority, and it is logical that the translation of the public lines into the law will make it easier for the parliament to monitor the process before it is passed by the parliament. Their enrichment is approved by	* From the government this season, project laws of (drugs and mental cartels in the region and reforms in pensions, salaries, medicines and other privileges) have been sent to Parliament and become law.

	<p>parliamentarians. Therefore, from the point of view of the parliament, it is the responsibility of the legislature to ensure that the legislature, like itself, is the majority of the majority, and it is logical that the translation of the public lines into the law will make it easier for the parliament to monitor the process before it is passed by the parliament. Their enrichment is approved by parliamentarians. We formally urge the KRG to submit these projects to parliament as soon as possible so that we can prioritize them in the new legislative season in accordance with local regulations.</p>	
5	<p>Due to the clarity of the region's lawmakers and local regulations, another of the duties of the parliament is to approve the general budget law, which is at the same time one of the government's commitments. Therefore, we anticipate that the ninth cabinet will work to prepare the general budget of the Kurdistan Region as soon as possible and direct it to the Kurdistan Parliament for approval. Especially since the last budget was approved was in 2013, and after that date, expenditures and revenues were dealt with in a harsh manner.</p>	<p>* A joint meeting between the presidency of the parliament and several special committees were held with several members of the Council of Ministers of the Kurdistan Region.</p>
6	<p>Due to the clarity of the lawmakers and the internal rules of the Kurdistan Parliament, the members of the parliament have the power to propose legislation and, judging by their daily contact with the official institutions and citizens of Kurdistan and the different sectors, everyone knows the needs of the Kurdistan Region better than anyone else. We therefore urge you to find common ground in your work and to improve the legal system of our region in terms of livelihoods and the amendment of the applicable laws. Coordinate, in particular, in the field of organizing the border gates of the Kurdistan Region, the administrative and financial centers, the diversification of sources of income, the development of the agricultural, industrial, commercial and tourism sectors. Providing job opportunities for young people and university graduates, protecting the environment of Kurdistan, banning the trafficking and use of drugs under a special law and any other area that they consider important.</p>	<p>* In the autumn course (22) proposals, drafts and decisions were submitted, (2) laws and (2) decisions were passed, the law (ownership of the over-occupied lands), the law (commercial advertising), the decision (all internal regulations)</p>
7	<p>Finally, we call on all parliamentarians and factions to cooperate and co-ordinate in order to enable the Kurdistan Parliament to have an independent law called the Kurdistan Parliament's Function and Structure Law to regulate the powers and responsibilities of the Parliament and to exercise its parliamentary powers and functions.</p>	<p>But that project didn't work for either</p>

The priority text of the faction leaders' statement is set out in the appendix to the report, which highlights the common ground between the agenda of the parliamentary speaker and the faction leaders and shows their level of work for their priorities.

NO.	Priority	Level of work
1.	Organization of the border gates of the Kurdistan Region.	* The first reading of the Proposal (Application of the Anti-Smuggling Act) in Session No. (1) of (17/09/2019). * Proposal of the Law (of the Quality Assurance Control Agency) in session No. (5) dated (23/10/2019).
2.	Industrial and financial decentralization.	
3.	Increase income sources.	
4.	Development of the agricultural, industrial, commercial and tourism sectors.	* The first reading of the proposed law (the application of the Federal Law on the Protection of Iraqi Products) in the sitting No. (1) of (17/09/2019). * The first reading of the proposed law (Arrangement and Unification of the Alawites) in Session No. (1) of (17/09/2019). * First reading (Proposal for the Protection of Domestic Products) in Session No. (7) of (13/11/2019). * Presentation and discussion of the financial merits of the farmers of the Kurdistan Region, in sitting No. (17) dated (30/01/2020).
5.	Providing job opportunities for young people and university graduates.	
6.	Protecting the environment of Kurdistan.	
7.	Prohibition of drug trafficking and use.	* * Approval of the (Drugs) Act in its (13) session on (12/01/2020)
8.	Law on the Functioning and Structure of the Kurdistan Parliament	
9.	Bringing the region's budget.	
10.	Return on salary savings.	* The First Amendment to Article 13 of the Retirement and Medicare Reform Act states: First: Point One of Law No. (2) of (2020) states (Reforms in Salary and Medicare Retirement) (Ministry of Finance and Economy within the framework of the regulation of the banking sector of the region and by electronic banking services) , Opens a special account for each payer and beneficiary of the general budget for the guarantee (protection) of all financial liabilities as well as unpaid financial liabilities.
11.	University and college student allowances.	
12.	Reforms in income, especially in oil and gas, customs and local revenues	
13.	All of the benefits of the Iraqi Unified Retirement Law.	
14.	Family development and protection.	* First reading for (Proposal for Family Development Law) in Session No. (5) of (23/10/2019).
15.	Amendments investment law.	
16.	Halabja Missing Children Act.	
17.	Health Insurance Law.	
18.	Labor law.	

19.	All tax and income laws.	
20.	Law (Where did you get this) .	
21.	Working on the constitution of the Kurdistan Region.	* Visits of political parties by the Speaker of Parliament.
22.	Amendments to the Law on the Rights of Political Prisoners.	
23.	Legislative functioning of the raja Council.	
24.	Working to enact a law on compulsory military service in the Kurdistan Region.	
25.	Enforcement of the law on the retirement of internal security forces.	
26.	Permanently hiring contract staff.	* This proposal was read out for the first time in session number (7) on (13/11/2019).
27.	Equalizing the rights and privileges of the Peshmerga forces with the Iraqi army.	
28.	Protecting the rights of patients.	* This proposal was read out for the first time in session No. (6) on (30/10/2019).
29.	Hiring the first to third top students of the universities and institutions.	
30.	Equalize the rights and privileges of the people and therelatives of the martyrs and the old wrestlers and political prisoners with the central government.	
31.	The establishment of the oil sector, including the creation of an oil revenue fund, and the creation of a Kurdistan company for the marketing of oil, for the refining of oil and its annexes, and for the national oil companies of Kurdistan.	* First reading for the proposal (Application and Amendment to the Anti-Smuggling Act and Oil Products No. (41) of 2008). * First reading for the Proposal of the Law (Application and Amendment of the Law on the Import and Sale of Petroleum Products No. (9) of the year (2006) in its sitting (1) dated (17/09/2019). * The first reading of the proposal (combating the smuggling of oil and extracted oil) at sitting (7) on (13/11/2019).
32.	Revisions to these contracts have been made available to a number of companies, the result of which is to the detriment of the people of Kurdistan and public revenue, and to the enrichment of several people, such as the contracts of the Secretary of Justice and the license plate).	
33.	Law enforcement officers in Kurdistan, as they are now the only law enforcement agencies organized by parliament and parliamentarians.	
34.	National Board for Negotiations.	
35.	Village Rehabilitation and Welfare Board.	
36.	Prohibition of partisan organization within the Peshmerga and public security forces.	
37.	Public order.	The first reading of the Proposal (Public Procurement Act) in sitting No. (5) on (23/10/2019)
38.	Preventing Excess in the Kurdistan Region.	Approval of the law (ownership of the surplus lands on which excess on) in the sitting No. (8) dated (04/12/2019).
39.	General Board of Importers' Safety and Goods Domestic Product in the Kurdistan Region.	
40.	Setting a special day for all elements of	Approval of the Day (Official Events of the Turkmen

	Kurdistan.	Generation) in Session No. (13) of (12/01/2020).
41.	Establish special laws to serve the area of different structures.	
42.	Scientific and cultural organization of languages of different nations.	
43.	Amendments to the law of the Ministry of Education, Enlightenment and sports.	
44.	The internal rules of the Kurdistan Parliament should be amended.	On (29/9/2019) the internal regulations were amended.
45.	Kurdistan Parliament Law.	
46.	The law on provincial councils should be amended, on condition that the administrative center is expanded.	
47.	Legislation and voter registration for the election of deputies.	
48.	Let's work on amending some of the provisions of Law No. (5) of (2015) on the Rights of Components.	
49.	Amendments to certain articles of Iraqi civil law that are inconsistent with international human rights standards and standards.	
50.	Implementation of the decision of the Iraqi Council of Ministers No (86) compensation for our nation in Kurdistan.	

At the end of the session, the Speaker stated: We urge you to send us the names of the project laws that are important to you, and you have submitted them at this meeting, without comment. The presidency has decided that the projects that share common ground between the factions will be the agenda for this legislative session, and we will also announce on the parliamentary website what the joint projects are, but we ask them to send them to us by the end of the week. But in sitting No. (1) on (17/09/2019) after (16) days the Speaker of the Parliament stated: Only these factions have sent their priority in writing, (Yakgrtw, Millat, Azadi, Armenian, Serdem) . We therefore ask that your priorities be sent and that we also publish them on the official website of the Parliament, but the priorities were not published on the Parliamentary website. So it is unknown whether the Factions did not send them or the presidency did not set a common ground, and put them in the agenda as promised.

Session No. 1, on (17/09/2019).

Prior to the postponement of the work program, a number of military points were addressed by several MPs to the Speaker of Parliament, Kawa Abdul Qadir, a member of the New Generation faction, said that Article (79)⁴ does not in any way mention that the existing financial proposals should be returned to the government. , My question is under what article did you sent (14) of your proposal laws to the government? Have you set a time for them?

The Speaker also stated: "Article (79) sets out the criteria by which the Legislative Committee and the Parliamentary Presidency must work together in order to direct a legislative proposal to the first reading. We will present two types of legislative proposals to the government."

⁴- Article (79) Item (4): It is necessary for the issuers of that law and the decision, in view of the financial burden, to be imposed on the government.

First: If there is a legislative proposal or a decision that has a financial burden, we will send it to the government to answer yes or no, if yes we will directly do the first reading.

Second: those propose laws and decisions directed at the government are not not to say yes and no, but to offer artistic assistance to the parliament so that the law can be passed in such a way that the government can implement it.

Referral of project laws to the government are for two reasons:

1-We want to abide by the internal rules.

2-We want to keep the glory of the parliament from being enforced by a law passed by the parliament, because in the previous term, we decided to have the salaries of the Peshmerga forces as Iraqi forces, but it was not done because we did not ask the government.

Session No. 2, on (25/09/2019).

Following the speech of the Speaker of the Parliament, on the referendum, Umed Khoshnaw, Chairman of the Party Faction, stated: " We supported the Speaker's speech, which was a speech by the Kurdistan Parliament, but we expected to include National Day. Because this day has become a national day and commemorates the two-year anniversary of Kurdistan in all its forms, and a referendum has been passed in this parliament, I urge the Kurdistan Parliament to take that step legally."

In response, the Speaker announced: "The decision is not in my power and if the members of parliament demand it, they need to submit a project law to pass it."

Then the MP (Jalal Mohammad) from the party faction said that the national anthem Aye Raqib should be beaten in the Kurdistan Parliament today, and then he got up and said his march and the Speaker of the Parliament and some of the MPs got up from their seats.

In response to their not getting up on the march (Ay Raqib) Abdulsattar Majeed, the leader of the Kurdistan Islamic Group faction, said at a press conference that the national anthem Aye Raqib had not been included in the agenda of today's sitting and the speaker p the parliament should not have allowed them to sing it. He revealed that after the referendum, the KRG wrote a letter to the Iraqi Federal Court, which said that the KRG would abide by any decision on the referendum.

On the second part of the agenda which was the second reading for all internal regulations, There were disagreements between the factions, the factions (party, Yakety, Gorran) were with all the second clause of Article (110)⁵, the factions (New Generation, Kurdistan Islamic Group, Kurdistan Islamic Union, Azady) were against all that article.

The New Generation faction also declared: It is always against their faction.

The head of the Kurdistan Islamic Group faction said Article 110, the second section, which deals specifically with the parliamentary intimacy for his faction, in such a way that whenever a parliamentarian resigns from his faction, his faction and his political forces can vote for someone else who is elected.

But all of these items are a dangerous political issue, and it is not far off to open the door to anyone's intervention among the factions and their MPs, as the citizens have voted for the candidates on the basis of the electoral program and the promises of the list.

⁵- MPs are free of their work in parliament, but whenever a member of a faction separates from his or her faction or joins another faction, he or she loses his or her membership in parliament and fills another person in that faction with a parliamentary seat.

It is oppression to the voters when the MPs won't need them anymore, starts changing their faction. because every gentleman who is now a member of parliament, if they had separately run for office on the fiction, would not have been able to get a vote."

Session No. (3), on (29/09/2019).

The session was to vote on (12) clauses of the first amendment to the internal rules of the Kurdistan Parliament, which included: (1, 14, 19, 24, 25, 29, 42, 44, 53, 79, 91, 110). Commenting on the meeting, Abdulsattar Majeed, head of the Kurdistan Islamic Group faction, said: the internal rules, in line with the agenda of a certain political force, have been amended and two very bad (orfi) have been imposed in these constituencies, which will be dangerous for the future of the factions and Parliamentary work. He also said, allowing MPs to split from their own faction and move to another faction is a serious threat and a plan for other factions to buy (Walao Safaqati) underground and we will see bad results in the near future. He said, "It is unreasonable for anyone who got votes and became Member of Parliament, to split from their factions for the sake of personal gain and unauthorized privileges in the name of freedom of parliament."

The leader of the Kurdistan Islamic Group Faction said about article (79) clause (2)point (2)⁶ " In order for a project law to go to the committees and be read out, especially for those who have financial resources and need money, our suggestion and insistence was that the finance minister be hosted by a special committee to get the government's opinion, but again by a majority, parliament got meaningless and weakened in front of the government and they performed to ask the government in advance for any project. "

"This, if any reading is to be done, is a clear indication of the control of the parliament by the government and above all the party," he explained.

On the same subject, Dr. Sherko Jawdat, Chairman of the Yakgrtw Faction, stated: The presidency of the Kurdistan Parliament is under the will and control of the government, so it cannot get its hands on the important issue, they busy itself with minor things like dates, however there are dozens of people's concerns that need to be touched and talked about.

In this regard, Kazem Farooq, the leader of the New Generation faction, said, "Earlier, the Party and the Yakety factions did not take account of the new generation, but with today's plan and the amendment of an internal constitution, it appears that they are afraid of the attitude and courage of our faction," he also said, " Amending the internal rules has been a plan against the New Generation faction and the opposition in general."

* On the whole of Article (110) of the Internal Rules, on (28/09/2019) we, as the Pay Institute, issued a statement stating: We support the freedom of the MPs within the framework of his party's program and not the freedom to leave his party and join the party and another faction and win his party's vote for another party. All that the parliament wants to do will be a prelude to the oppression of the majority in the minority, on the other hand it is a violation of the law, because no candidate will have his or her vote if the list is not voted on at the beginning of the election. According to the election rules, when a voter votes, he or she must first vote for the party, then for the candidate. Every successful candidate is committed to implementing his or her party's electoral program, and this is against the stability of the legislature.

⁶ Article (79) clause (2) point(2) states: "If the proposal of the law and the decision result in a financial dispute with the government, before the first reading, they will be directed to obtain approval of the financial agreement that arises as a result of the enactment of the law."

Session No. Four, dated (15/10/2019).

According to the agenda of the session, the Speaker of the Parliament, asked the Speaker of the Factions to express the views and opinions of the factions on the current situation in Western Kurdistan. The Speaker of the Kurdistan Parliament stated: "In the run-up to the previous meetings of the Kurdistan Parliament Speaker with the heads of the factions and factions in the parliament regarding the attacks on West Kurdistan, The Speaker of the Parliament has summarized a number of recommendations and the position of the Kurdistan Parliament, and has stated that we will now read it and if it is approved by you, we will present it to the public in the name of the Kurdistan Parliament. "

The recommendations, which consisted of 12 points, were put on voting by the Speaker and approved by a vote of (96) MPs out of a total of (97) MPs present. The text of the recommendations is contained in the appendix to the report.

In this regard, MP Abu Bakr al-Haldani, from the Yakgrtw Faction, said: "I did not vote for the recommendation of the parliament, because the session of the Kurdistan Parliament was held after seven days of fighting and no mention of the Turkish army was mentioned in any of the recommendations, when the heaviest and most advanced military weapons have been used on the civilians, who live on their own land and demand their dignity and freedom."

He also said: "It should be emphasized in the recommendations of both previous resolutions of Parliament No. (37) of the year (2003) that calls for the withdrawal and return of the Turkish army, and resolution No. (24) of the year (2014) which the regional government is committed to recognizing and supporting the self-government of the people of Western Kurdistan, which will provide the necessary assistance to Western Kurdistan to the best of its ability. "

On the same day, Jawidan Kamal, a member of the West Kurdistan delegation to the region, addressed a letter to the parliament, saying: "You are not only representing the people of the south, we also acknowledge you as our representative in other parts of Kurdistan." He also asked, "Why was Turkey not named in today's recommendation? Are they afraid of closing the gates of Ibrahim Khalil in Turkey?"

The text of the letter is in the appendix to the report.

Session No. Five, dated (23/10/2019).

Before the start of the work program, Soran Omar, of the Kurdistan Islamic Groupy Islamy faction, said: "On (7/10/2019), we (12) members of parliament asked for a discussion on oil exports and salaries and the situation with Baghdad. According to the internal rules, clause (3) of the Article (66) of the Speaker of the Parliament will be held within a period of not more than (14) days to determine the date of the sitting. You haven't done that yet, and I am aksing for an answer."

In response, the Speaker said that the policy point that was made is correct and that we would review our position.

Session No. Six, dated (30/10/2019).

Before the start of the work program, Kawa Abdul Qadir, a member of the New Generation Faction, stated: "Pursuant to Article (98) Article 1: it is necessary on the Council of Ministers, to send the budget bill to Parliament for discussion in early October of each year and before the financial year. Is the Council of Ministers committed to that promise? Because I am on the Legislative Committee and it is not there yet. Plus, according to the third clause if the draft budget and final calculation, in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (first

and second) of this article, did not reach to the parliament on the specific date, Parliament calls for clarification from Finance Minister. If there was a valid reason it gives a period that does not exceed fifteen (15) days, Did the Speaker of Parliament do this?

The speaker of the parliament said, "We didn't give warning, it has been a duty we had to do, we have not done it, we will do it."

Before the first reading of the project law (Patient Rights and Duties) the Chairman of the Legislative Committee says: "Pursuant to sub-section (2) of Article (79) of the proposed law and decision within (14) days from the date of submission, it shall be decided by the Legislative Affairs Committee in coordination with the Presidency to conduct the first reading. Based on compliance with these criteria, It then states in paragraph four of Article (80) that when the project, or proposal, is approved by the Presidency and the Legislative Committee, it shall be put on the agenda at the first sitting after the approval, Mr. Speaker, after the publication of the agenda of today's sitting of the Parliament, now the proposal has come to the Legislative Committee, we have not yet held any meeting on it, so we ask that it not be read in this sitting.

The Speaker announced: " Following the expiration of the term set for the project law, the proposal was made available to the Speaker of Parliament, and we according to the authority that we have been given, even after the end of the month that the internal regulations have been set up to receive the proposed legislation, can use our power. Given the importance of the project law, it was decided at a meeting of the presidency to hold the first reading, without having to go through the same mechanisms as the other project laws passed and order it to be read out. At the meeting, the Speaker called on the Parliamentary Committees to work on the proposed resolutions within the allotted time period in accordance with the internal rules and regulations, and to conduct the first reading so that the Parliament can provide more legislative services.

She also said that all non-attendance of MPs in sittings and committees will be announced.

Article (82) of the Internal Rules states: In each legislative term only in the first month of the legislative term, members of parliament may propose a law, but only in the event that a special situation precedes and requires the law, or that there is an urgent decision, and that the presidency decides whether or not to pass the law. But as it turns out this legislative proposal is not a special and urgent situation, as only the first reading has been done to it.

Session No. 7, dated (13/11/2019).

Before the start of the work program, Mem Burhan, of the New Generation Faction, said; " I submitted a question to the government on (2/09/2019) and the letter was sent to the government on (10/09/2019), but I have not been answered yet. And Article (60) clause (3) states: The party to whom the question is directed must answer the question within (7) seven days in any case, the answer to the question should not be delayed for more than (21) twenty-one days, so I ask for clarification.

" We entrust the Secretary of Parliament to follow up on your question" The Speaker of the parliament said.

Then, Kawa Abdul Qadir, from the New Generation Faction, said; " One of the most important tasks of the MPs is to pursue, we have addressed a number of questions and not answered in accordance with Articles (58 and 59). I directed a question about the money you receive from the distribution of white oil to homes, which is about (20) thousand dinars more than the price set in Baghdad, but the secretary of parliament is asking for an invoice , I ask where in the curriculum is there something like that to get an evidence with the question. Or I

have sent another question, and the Secretary of Parliament said that because it has published in the media we will not send your question, this is irrelevant, then since (18/08/2019) 14 proposals have been sent to the government, has it been answered? If not answered when will it be answered?

Part of that legal proposal has been answered, and we are sending them to the Special Committee to write a report on it. To address the issue, we have delegated the power of questioning to the Secretary of Parliament to unify the implementation of the question and to direct it to the government in collaboration with the Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs. It is the decision of the presidency not to send the question that is published in the media, because we demand that until the questions not be confirmed by us, to see if it contains the terms of the question, the parliamentarian does not have the right to publish the question. The secretary of parliament then spoke about the demand for evidence, and said: You have to prove that from whom and where the extra money came from. This statement is unconstitutional and the secretary's speech is not mentioned anywhere.

Then the MP, Sirwan Baban, from the New Generation Faction, said: "According to Article (51), Tuesdays and Wednesdays are special for the sittings of the Parliament, but this cannot be implemented why?"

The speaker of the parliament said: "We want to convene, there are dozens of law projects ready for the first reading, but so far the committees have not been willing to hold a single meeting,"

We will present the names of the committees in the next meeting to the public who should have prepared the reports and did not do so, and if the reports were present and we did not sit then you have the right to complain.

As the number of sittings in this legislature is limited is because there is a legislative and procedural relationship. If the report of the committees is not made available to the parliament after the first reading, it will not be possible to hold a sitting, so I urge the committees to take more time to complete the report so that we can hold more sittings of Parliament," she said.

Later, Daban Mohammad, from the Changes faction, said: "The lack of answers to the questions of the parliamentarians has become apparent. I sent the question in July and the answer has been received, but the answer has not been received by us. Please follow up."

The speaker of the parliament said, "We have instructed the Secretary of Parliament to prepare a statistics for the next session, and we will announce our position on the basis of that statistics."

After the first reading of the proposal, the decision to appoint contract staff by the Legislative Committee, the Speaker, said: "We have an explanation on that legal proposal." she said, "The law proposal is introduced in the first quarter of the legislature, on (7/8/2019) was directed to the government, on (30/10/2019) the government has agreed to bear the financial burden of the proposal, and on (11/11/2019) We put the work program together. , But now the gentlemen in the government want to give us more clarification on the data related to the proposal, so the deadline for the committees to write a report on this pension is (21) days, they do not start their work and we will with your consent give the government a period that does not be more than two weeks, we will wait for their response and we will not start writing the report, and if we do not get their explanation within the two weeks that start today,

Then we begin our task of writing the report and second reading.

While expressing dissatisfaction with the proposal, the Speaker said: "We also know that the curriculum will not allow to give the government a chance again, but because we need more information, we will give them more time without voting on the proposal," the Speaker has ended the session.

Session No. Eight, dated (4/12/2019).

Prior to the commencement of the work program, Sarchnar Ahmed, of the Yakgrtw Faction, on the return (the law on the ownership of lands over-bounded by municipalities) by the President of the Region, said: "According to Article (95), it should have been directed to the special committee not to the legal committee, this report that is available today has been prepared by the legal committee, and I ask them to give an explanation on it."

Speaking about not sending the proposal to the special committees, the Speaker said: We have not sent it because it is not a general rejection, but some sections, and now we are all making it available and voting on it and you can leave your comments.

Then, Rupak Ahmed, from the Kurdistan Islamic Group faction, said: "On (13/11/2019) the first reading was conducted on permanently contract the employees, the government was given two weeks to give the notes, if they have any. After these two weeks the Special Committees will have to write their report, now we see there is no point in the work program on that, so we ask for clarification. Later, Soran Omar, from the Kurdistan Islamic Group faction, said that according to the first paragraph of Article (84) of the curriculum, the Special Committees should prepare their reports within (21) days. Several legislative proposals have been passed by the committees and legal deadlines and no reports have been written, pursuant to Article 4 of the same Article, it is the duty of the Deputy Speaker to notify the Committee, and Article (37) of the curriculum states that if it is clear to the presidency that one of the permanent committees is less interested in its work you can investigate the reasons and put in the effort if it is to take effect, If they are not able to nominate a new member to the committee, whether this is open or not, because the legislative process in this parliament is very slow and the first reading has been legislated for several proposals. And in accordance with Article (33) of the Internal Rules, the provisions of this Code shall apply to the attendance of sittings in Parliament, as well as to the attendance of sittings of committees, which it has not been done. And in accordance with Article (52) clause (3) point (1) The names of those who do not attend the sittings of the parliaments and committees, with or without permission, should be published on the official website of the parliament, and this has not been done.

Speaking about the points of both MPs, the Speaker said: We have completed the spring season and we are approaching the end of the autumn term. , The first season, was the season of reorganization of the constitutional institutions of the region, most of the legislative proposals made by the members had financial implications. That is why the former speaker of parliament and the presidency have not been able to send the legislative proposals to the government, as they have not given trust to the new government. So we have (31) projects left from the previous season, we still have (23) projects of this season, and we will prove to you that the reason for the lack of legislation is not the presidency, there were (31) proposals and decisions from the spring season, (23) autumn seasons, (22) proposals Laws and decisions have been sent to the government, , (3) proposals were for salary savings, (5) proposals were for mortgage and small loans, (2) proposals were for student and student medicine, of which we sent (12) of which we received a response. Some rejects it, and some say, "We want information." Some has been sent to the ministries and they say give us numbers, others have not responded to us. In both seasons the first reading has been done to (23)⁷ law proposals and decisions. (5) of them became law and decision, the first reading had been done to (7) of them

⁷ The Speaker says. the first reading has been done for (23) Proposed lawband decisions, but according to the work program, the number is (22) not (23).

on (17/9/2019), but (77) days have passed and they are with the committees. The first reading had been done to (6) of them on (23/10/2019) and (41) days has been passed by. (2) of which have been done its first reading on(30/10/2019) and (34) days has passed by. (3) of which have been done its first reading on(13/11/2019) and (22) days has passed by. (2) One of them relates to the Public Prosecution, which deals with the separation of the Public Prosecution from the Executive and the powers vested in the Judicial Council; The proposal has been sent to both authorisers, the proposal (humanitarian), rejected by the Ministry of Education. The protection of teachers and education leaders are two, at the request of the Special Committee it has been requested to be included in the Education proposal which is not yet available and the Ministry of Education is currently busy preparing it. The Drug and Quality Control Agency and the Rights and Duties of Patients and the Protection of Domestic Product have been returned to the Government at the request of the Parliamentary Special Committee, totaling (8) the draft law. It should be noted that there are currently no proposals and decisions passed by the presidency to complain about us, all in the House of Commons, members of parliament who have signed the bill. , In accordance with Article (36) you may request clarification from the committees after (45) days of the first reading, and in accordance with Article (84) the Committee may, in writing the report, co-ordinate with the institutions in need, and any minister who has been invited to the committees has come, so we have to reorganize ourselves, and the deputy speaker has sent emphasis to the committees on writing the committee's report. Regarding your questions, (150) questions have passed the legal answer period which is (21) days, and more questions were asked, we have been instructed by our Secretary along with the work of the committees to prepare detailed data. And we have it all, and an MP want it, they can get it, (86) questions have been answered, (64) questions have not been answered yet .Instead of the members saying that the government is not responding, they should look at Article 70. This policy authorizes members to go to the questioning stage, even though they have not done so. In addition, we have instructed the Secretary of Parliament to send a letter of resignation to the Government. Regarding the proposal of the law to permanently conclude the contracts has nothing to do with the presidency, the government has responded and in a letter dated (14/11/2019)has been sent to Legislative Committee. Then, Diyar Anwar, of the New Generation Faction, said: "With what clause did you send your contract bill to the government for the second time? .

The Speaker, we sent it to the government because they demanded. Plus, if the issue is resolved for two weeks, then I will take responsibility for the inconvenience, "he said.

We wanted to coordinate with the government, but those two weeks were over, too. "We urge you to reconsider your position and we will work on any decision you make, the purpose of which is to serve the people and the mechanism is not important to us, she said.

Then, Dr. Zedan Rashid Khan, from the party faction, said: "The non-direction of the proposal to increase the labor law for the special committee is a violation of the rules, if we do not work with our policy, how can we ask the government to work on the laws that we are issuing.

Session No. 9, dated (10/12/2019).

The agenda of the session was two points, but due to the poor electricity situation on (09/12/2019) another point was added to the agenda of the session, which included speaking and discussing the issue of national electricity and the distribution of fuel to the citizens, in the presence of Minister of Electricity. "We have followed all the internal rules of the parliament on (17/9/2019), so far I have not seen the incident and we have no new release,"

said MP Soran Omar. Heman Hawrami, the deputy speaker of parliament, said: "Yes, your point is acceptable. We urge the parliamentary secretary and the parliamentary affairs directorate to resolve this issue and follow the existing amendments and publish them."

Session No. 10, dated (16/12/2019).

After reading the absence of the MPs by the Secretary of Parliament, the Speaker said, "We urge the Secretary of the Parliament to publish the absenteeism of the members with or without permission, in the sittings of the parliament and the meetings of the committees during the parliamentary session on the Parliament site, as the absence of parliamentarians is out of the ordinary." Then MP, Mam Burhan, said that according to Articles (58, 59, 60) which are specifically about the directing questions, I asked a question on (2/09/2019) about Salary savings, but it has not been answered yet. I expected it to be included in the reform bill but there is nothing on that question. "We have sent a letter of emphasis to the government, and we have been told to go to the second stage of the monitoring process when your questions are not answered," she said.

MP Sarchnar Ahmed said. "I have submitted my opinion in reference to point (2) of section (2) of Article (49) on (18/09/2019), On the formation of the Halabja Provincial Council, but the work program has not yet been finalized which should have been put on the agenda after (48) hours.

"It is true that at a meeting of the presidency we decided to form a committee of Halabja city parliamentarians to follow up and bring back a report, so we will submit it to the committee in the future to determine the name of the member," the speaker said.

"According to Article 84 (1), the Law Reporting Committee should have written a proposal to permanently hire contract staff, but the Legislative Committee says no official letter has been sent to us for a written report, Please explain " MP. Rupak Ahmad said.

"We have a problem with directing the bill to all special committees, and if they do not agree, we will ask the legislature to write its report here,"the speaker said.

"We are one of the special committees to write a report on the proposal, so we have to write a report before the special committee itself," said Khalid Khalid, chairman of the legal committee. "It has been written to us on (1/12/2019) and it is said that this is the response of the Council of Ministers to your notice. The government says we have started collecting information through the Minister of Finance. We will inform you when it is completed so we will have to wait," he said.

"We have sent two letters to the Legislative Council, one of which will be addressed immediately after the first reading of the draft resolution, with the same dilemma that we are directing all other proposals," said the Speaker of Parliament.

Commenting on the draft law, which was given the first reading at the session and the quality was urgent, the head of the Islamic Society faction said: The reform bill contains a lot of injustice, and tyranny has been done to the ordinary retirees and martyrs and political prisoners, and it does not mention the region's income and the salaries of its employees in any way.

"The reform project is an incomplete project, it does not talk about the important sectors of oil and gas, customs and border points and revenue, it just talks about spending, the general project of reform should include revenue," he said. "The Council of Ministers is regulating the drugs according to the bill, which is dangerous. The drugs should be seized illegally. The drugs should be regulated by law, and the government should not arbitrarily manipulate them," he said. : In the Kurdistan Region, there are 2,000 salaries, and the project does not

mention that special salaries need to be reduced for judges and members of the judiciary, he empathized.

Dr. Kazem Farooq, head of the new generation faction, said of the project: "The real reform is to make oil and gas revenues transparent, to make the Peshmerga forces independent and national, to create a clean and impartial election commission, to create local and local revenues. Timely distribution and savings will be returned to salaried workers, job opportunities will be provided to tens of thousands of young people and university graduates, the education and health sectors, agriculture and industry will be improved, cuts will be made to pensions, higher salaries and pensions, and non-reform. And the salaries of ordinary employees."

In this regard, Dr. Sherko Jawdat, the leader of the United Faction, said that according to the content of the reform law, the regional government should be prosecuted, so it would have to reform. He also said, We insist on the return of the salary savings and the minimum pension, and we demand that it not be less than 400 thousand.

He added that the implementation of the draft law of the Yakgrtw Faction will return 100 billion dinars to the public finances, which can be paid to the graduates of universities and institutes with a salary of (500) thousand dinars. He said that in the context of the dozens of government corruption scandals, the government could have decided on a set of reforms without its reform law, and that the situation in the Kurdistan Region would not be stable if the regional government did not reform.

"No one dares to openly face the reform project, but from the bottom of the list, they are still struggling to make ends meet. " he said.

He said no one knew what the 40 percent of the Kurdistan Region's revenue would go, even the finance minister himself. "The Ministry of Natural Resources is preventing us from following up on oil contracts and its revenues, in order to hide and perpetuate their corruption," he said. The regional government has not sent the budget to parliament for five years, which has opened the door to corruption.

Session No. Twelve, dated (24/12/2019).

"We have sent a letter to the government asking them to clarify the reasons for the lack of budget, part of which is related to the talks between the region and Baghdad," said MP Kazem Farooq on the budget deficit. "We need to put together some data on the activities of both the spring and autumn sessions in the first year of the parliamentary elections, including 26 regular sessions and one extraordinary session, with 4 laws, 16 resolutions passed, four resolutions passed, and more than 27 draft resolutions passed," he said. "In the near future, we will provide full information on the attendance rate in parliamentary sessions and the meetings of the committees, the direction of the factions and the parliamentarians and the public," he said.

He said members of parliament were absent from a total of (26) sittings of both terms in (10) sittings, but about (20) MPs out of a total of (111) MPs were present in all the sittings of the Parliament, and (4) MPs were present in all sittings of the Parliament and their committees attendance, and we will be conducting all of our follow-up procedures to members from next season on non-attendance at meetings.

Thirteenth Session, dated (12/01/2020).

A phenomenon that recurs every voting session which was; not voting on a member's proposal, and (3) members support it, so during the vote on the (drug) bill several points were

included in the joint report that no vote was taken. "So where did these proposals come from," he said. Then the MP, Mem Burhan, calls for a new internal and parliamentary law that has been amended since (29/09/2019).

Later, the MP, Soran Omar, said: "On (16/10/2019) the Cleanliness Committee has passed the All-Cleanliness Act of the Presidency of the Parliament, asking me to explain how it has not been included in the work program yet.

"Yes, we have, but since all the hands are under the supervision of the parliament, they have a problem with the expiration of the legal term, we thought it would be good to do that after the arrival of the new president," the speaker said.

"According to the second paragraph of Article (69) signed by (21) MPs, we have asked the Minister of Finance to be ready for questioning," said Karwan Abdul Rahman, a Member of Parliament. On (9/12/2019) our memorandum addressed to the President, in accordance with paragraph (3) of Article (70) it would be that if the incoming Minister needed clarification or time, he would have to reply within seven days, that period has elapsed and the gentlemen have not been present, we are requesting clarification.

"We are emphasizing your request," the speaker said.

On the questioning of the Minister of Finance, MP Ali Hamasalah, he said: "The question should be asked, the answer should be received, if the answer is not credible, then the questioning stage, where there was to go straight to the questioning stage.

"We have cut all the steps so we have sent our inquiry," the speaker said.

Session No. Fourteen, dated (13/01/2020).

As part of the talks on the bill on wages and medicine, fighting broke out between the two MPs (the new generation and the party), after which the MPs did not allow the war to break out, and the Speaker suspended the sitting for a while and then adjourned the session. A parliamentary inquiry commission will be set up to look into the matter between the party's parliamentarians and the new generation. The Speaker, Kawa Abdul Qadir, later told the media that the Speaker and the Speaker of the Factions were to discuss and agree on Article VII of the Reform Bill, which discusses the retirement of high-ranking officials from the meeting and the leaders of the new and united factions of the boycott faction.

Later, Dr. Rebwar Abdul Rahim, from the party faction, said: "We have been asking the finance minister for more than two months, why are we not responding to his request for clarification?"

"We urge the parliamentary secretary to reaffirm his commitment," the speaker said.

"Currently, the pension fund in the Kurdistan Region has not been used before and has been used by the regional government for other purposes during the financial crisis," Finance Minister Awad Sheikh Janab said in response to a question from a member. "Since 2006, a pension fund has been set up in the Kurdistan Region. 6% of the employees' salaries are deducted and added to the fund every month, but due to lack of money, the government has spent a total of the money in the fund for the employees' salaries," he said. Several lawmakers in the second reading of the law called for the repeal of the Judiciary Reform Bill, declaring, "These will be retired at one hundred percent of their salaries and allowances, and their pensions will be close to 12 million dinars."

Several MPs from the opposition factions have spoken out against corruption at the border gates, and several MPs have called for the speaker not to be allowed to speak, but the speaker said: "The government is here and they can defend themselves."

"Yes, there is a problem with the border gates and the government is working on it," said Dr. Vala Farid, the regional minister for parliamentary affairs. And she said to the Speaker, "It is not the policy that the Speaker has asked us to answer. The Speaker also said, 'I do not think it will be the cost of the Constitution.'"

Session No. 15, dated (16/01/2020).

At the beginning of the session, several PMs, in accordance with Article (91), took paragraph (3) of the Rules of Procedure and asked why their proposals were not included in the report of the Committee. The Finance and Legislative Committees said any proposal to impose a financial burden on the government, left the Democrats at the end, left the new generation, the community, the union, the hall, and the bill to amend the Retirement Bill was approved by a vote of (89) MPs. Abdulsattar Majeed, after approving the bill, said at a press conference: The Kurdistan Islamic Groupa faction has not made any subordinate or public agreements with any other faction in the Kurdistan Parliament, and it is not far from the truth that the existing bills and reforms are far from the truth. " The new generation faction later declared that what had happened in the parliament hall was to cut the pockets of the poor and the poor, to the pockets of high officials. "

According to Kazem Farooq, they came out of the meeting and objected to the provisions of the bill because "the bill guarantees a salary of four million dinars to the retirees of the parliament."

Abu Bakr al-Haldani, a member of the United Faction, said: "For two reasons, they left the parliament. First, the manner in which the meeting was chaired by the Kurdistan Parliament's presidency was prevented from being discussed as a matter of parliamentary legitimacy, in an attempt to stabilize their goals and pass the law. He said they had demanded that the proceeds go back to the government for special needs and martyrs and political prisoners, but most of those points were not fixed and approved by MPs under an agreement under the law, and In drafting the provisions of the Reform Act, unfortunately the Joint Committees have drafted their articles for scrutiny, dozens of MPs' proposals that have been in the public interest have not been included in the bill. , None of our proposals, which have received much support from parliamentarians, have been rejected, on the pretext of financial burdens, while the parliament should not justify it but the parliament should abide by the government's values. Following the vote on the reform bill, the Supreme Council of the New Generation decided to remove the MP (Shadi Nawzad) from the New Generation faction due to his vote on the law, and the nominee said in a statement that he had already resigned from the new generation and had resigned from the presidency. There were several anti-law stances outside the parliament, including Jamal Qasim, the president of the Kurdistan Parliamentary Union, who told a press conference that he supported the reform bill, especially in terms of public spending, which we believe is part of the overall need for reform. And fundamentally in terms of revenue, especially in the oil and investment sectors He said the reforms needed to strengthen institutions, especially the parliament, to monitor executive power and combat corruption, which happened in a public way. Parliament and parliamentary personalities should be protected so that they can stand up to their duties.

"The poor people who work in the market don't like that there is a six million parliamentarian, but why in the world do people study? Why do they inform themselves? That is why they have a good future."

On the same day, a campaign for justice in the Kurdistan Region held another rally in front of the Kurdistan Parliament, calling for "reforms to be launched from the first person in the region."

The justice campaign in a memorandum called on the parliament to reduce the basic salary of all high-ranking officials to 50% now, to adjust the pension in a way that is consistent with the country's income and the individual, and not to retire more than 3 million dinars.

Regarding the refusal of the parliamentarians to retire, the Speaker of the Kurdistan Parliament stated on 18/01/2020: Anyone covered by the law can't be deprived of their rights in accordance with the law. But if with a legal text from another law, the arrests have been made so that anyone who is involved in the law can be deprived of their rights in accordance with the law." "In the case of MPs of all sessions of Parliament, pursuant to Article (4) of Article (7) of the Reform Act, they may retire as MPs, regardless of their age and service, and their credentials, This intervention does not preclude retirement in accordance with the law on retirement in the region (civil or military). " "Any member of the Fifth and Other Minutes, who does not wish to retire under this Act, may apply to the Parliament for a period not exceeding (30) days from the date of its enactment," he said.

Session No. 16, dated (23/01/2020).

At the legitimate request of the members of the Kurdistan Parliament, the KRG negotiating delegation was present to present the results of their meetings with the federal government regarding the (2020 budget and oil case) to the Kurdistan Parliament. The Deputy Speaker of the Kurdistan Parliament, who chaired the session, said: "Since the talks are still ongoing and have not yet been made public, I urge the first part of the session to be held in secret, with a vote of (73) members of the Kurdistan Parliament decided to adjourn the session."

Session No. Seventh, dated (30/01/2020).

"According to Article (66) Section (1), we (22) MPs have submitted a memorandum to the President on (16/01/2020) to hold a special parliamentary session on the migration of youth to abroad on a daily basis," said MP Sarchnar Ahmed. With the increase, the deadline has not yet been set, and today is the last day of the legislative session, we ask for clarification. "We have forwarded our memorandum to the Kurdish Rehabilitation Committee, to see what we can do in that session, and whenever we respond, we will definitely convene the session," the speaker said. Then the parliamentarian, Abu Bakr al-Haldani, said that the memorandum which had mentioned by Ms. Sarchnar and said that it was directed to of of that committee, it has not been directed because I am a member of that committee and it has not been received by us.

"I have written it myself that it has been directed to you" the speaker said.

Several MPs, on the non-response to their questions and not working on their memorandums, took the following points.

The Speaker read out the names of the members of parliament who attended all the sittings of the Parliament and the meetings of the Committees, as well as those who had the least attendance, as well as the names of the members who received the most permits..At the end of the session, the Speaker said: "The unanswered questions, which numbered 155, have not been answered since our previous emphasis. We urge the Secretary to re-emphasize the answers to those questions."

2- The Permanent Committees

The work of the Permanent Committees is a key pillar in the legislative process and oversight of the institutions, during which time the Speaker and members of Parliament have been very critical of the work of the Committees, especially in writing reports on the proposed legislation. In the sittings of the Parliament, the attention of the Speaker of the Parliament and its members on the violations of the Constitution has been raised by the Permanent Committees, and in the appendix to the report a special section has been set out, apart from the duties of the Permanent Committees. In both parliamentary sessions (53) proposals and

bills have been directed to the committees, but according to the news of the parliamentary website, only (24) reports have been written, (10) members or a faction, under Article (36), can ask the committee for clarification. after passing (45). Forty-five days, when directing a project to a special committee. Pursuant to Article (41) of the Constitution, each permanent committee, in its four specialties, shall follow up, study and visit the field, on the level of implementation of the general laws, which are in the fundamental interests of the citizens of the region; , As well as monitoring the suitability of the systems and guidelines, which have been issued to facilitate the implementation of the Act with the main purpose of the Act, on the Permanent Committee is required, a report on the results of their follow-up and their recommendations is submitted to the Presidency. If we take a few laws, we will see that the committees have not fulfilled their duties, for example (Journalism Law in the Kurdistan Region No. (35) of 2007), there are several cases of journalists during the autumn term, which are not covered by this law, and have been imprisoned. Or in violation of Law No. (1) of 2011 on Non-Governmental Organizations, the Ministry of Finance is now dealing with companies in violation of the law, Violation of Law No. (5) of 2013 on the Right to Information and Operation by the Kurdistan Parliament itself and the issuance of instructions by the Council of Ministers, several other laws that the functions of the committees and parliamentarians should follow and pressure to implement. Pursuant to Article (49), any permanent, or special, committee may, within (48) forty-eight hours before the sitting of the Parliament, request the Presidency to discuss a phenomenon, or an event, or a general case, or any member, Within a period of not more than ten (10) minutes to submit an opinion, at this time the minimum committee and members have adhered to this authority. Regarding the presence of members in the meetings of the committees, the table of committees mentions the number of absences.

Second - the task of Censorship

The task of overseeing the executive branch is organized in the internal rules of the parliament into several sections and several articles, which if we pay attention to the speeches of the Speaker of the Parliament and some of the members of Parliament in the sittings of the Parliament, After directing more than (260) questions and one request for questioning to the Minister of Finance, we see that a significant part of the tasks set out in this manual have been neglected, or we will pay attention we see that the Permanent Committees of the Kurdistan Parliament, and parliamentarians have not taken serious action against the violations of the laws of the Kurdistan Parliament.

The articles that authorize the members, the permanent committees, the presidency, to do the task of Censorship include:

Article (30):

First: Any permanent committee within the framework of the performance of its functions may form a sub-committee among its members.

Article (40):

Each permanent Committee may, at the request of one-third of its members, convene a hearing on any permanent matter relating to it, in particular to the Committee, for the benefit of government officials, the private sector, as well as experts and The civil society and anyone who knows it well, any member who can attend and discuss this session, should direct the summary hearing and its results, in a report, to the presidency.

Article (41):

Each permanent Committee shall, within the framework of its expertise, follow up, study and visit the field, on the level of implementation of the general laws, which are in the fundamental interest of the citizens of the region, as well as on the proper implementation of the rules and regulations of the system and regulations. It is necessary to submit a report on the results of their follow-up and their recommendations to the Board of Directors, and they can also take what is appropriate, in the light of the report.

Article (42):

First: The committees may request the President, to attend the meeting of the relevant Minister to attend the meeting of the Committee and to provide the necessary clarification, on the subject covered, in a manner not exceeding (3) three days from the date of the direction of the invitation.

Second: The committees may, under the auspices of the Minister, at the meeting of the Committee, request the direction of the Secretary of Parliament.

Third: The committees may, through the Deputy Speaker, ask the official and civil society organizations, to provide the necessary information, or to attend the meeting of the Committee.

Article (49):

First:

1. Any permanent, or special, committee may, within (48) eight hours prior to the sitting of the Parliament, request the Presidency, to discuss a phenomenon, or an event, or a general matter.

2-Every member has the right to submit an opinion within a period not exceeding ten (10) minutes.

Second:

If necessary, the subject matter of the first (paragraph) may be discussed at the request of the committee or its members, in the presence of the Prime Minister, or the Special Minister, or both.

Article (56):

First: A Member may, subject to, one of the articles and clauses of the Constitution and the applicable laws, or one of the articles and clauses of this Code at any time during the sitting of the Parliament by a point of application request the permission of the President for a period of not more than (1) one minute. Do not speak without consideration (registration and order).

Article (58):

The Member may, by written request, orally, through the Presidency, send to the Prime Minister, or members of the Council of Ministers, to clarify an issue that falls within the four frameworks of his or her expertise or an issue that the Member does not know about, or does not agree with. The government should know about the matter.

Article (60):

Second: Within seven (7) days from the date of receipt of the question, the President shall forward the question to the Prime Minister or the Minister to whom the question is directed, through the Presidency of the Council of Ministers.

Third: The party to whom the question is directed must answer the question within (7) seven days, in any case, the answer to the question shall not be delayed by more than (21) twenty-one days.

Article (62):

First: The Prime Minister, or a member of the Council of Ministers, may answer the oral question directly, or request a postponement for a period not exceeding fifteen (15) days.

Second: Oral questions can be answered in writing, within a specified period of time.

Article (66):

First: (10) Ten members, may, submit a request to the Presidency to raise a public issue, for discussion, between Parliament and the Government, for the benefit of the public interest.

Third: The Board of Directors shall, within a period not exceeding (14) days, adjourn the sitting.

Article (68):

Questioning involves asking the Prime Minister, or one of the members of the Council of Ministers, to explain the workings of the government and the reasons for the decisions, behaviors and actions that fall into their field of expertise.

Article (69):

Third: Negotiations on the questioning will not take place until (7) seven days, from the date of receipt of the request to the Presidency of the Council of Ministers.

Article (70):

Second: The respondent is required to respond within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the questionnaire.

Fourth: The Presidency shall put the question and answer in the agenda of the nearest sitting, if the answer to the question, within the stipulated time, does not reach the Parliament, then the question only, will be the subject of the scheduled sitting discussion.

Third: The task of approving the budget

➤ Budget Bill:

One of the main tasks of the parliament is to approve the annual budget bill. According to the internal rules of the parliament, the Council of Ministers should send the estimated budget to the parliament⁸ at the beginning of October every year, but the budget has not gone to parliament for the last seven years (2014-2020).

➤ Final count:

Pursuant to Article (98) of the second part of the Internal Rules of Parliament, it is necessary for the Council of Ministers to send to the Parliament at the end of April of each year, the final count of the previous year. To know how to spend the budget and the spending areas, but the final count did not go to Parliament for the last nine (2011-2019) years.

Result

1- Comparing the priorities of the autumn term with the legislative situation, it appears that the presidency and the factions have done less to achieve their priorities.

2. Several articles and clauses of the Internal Rules of Parliament, which relate to the work of legislation, oversight, permanent committees, the conduct of sittings, have been violated by the Presidency and the majority of MPs.

3- Members of Parliament have not made any attempt to question the non-response of their questions by the members of the Council of Ministers, except for one request to the Minister of Finance. That too was not done.

4. All of the articles in the Kurdistan Parliament's internal rules have caused a great deal of concern to opposition lawmakers and public opinion, in particular, the failure to read any draft law that would create a financial crisis on the government.

5- In addition to the first reading for (22) proposals and draft laws and resolutions, but only (4) laws and (3) decisions were approved, while (141) priorities were announced in the autumn course.

6- The removal of Article (2) of Article (110) of the Constitution concerned the opposition parties and some of the public opinion and put them in a plan against the opposition factions, the power factions and some of the observers with the expansion of the freedom of parliamentary work.

7- By not sending the annual budget (2020), the government (cabinets 9,8,7) has not sent the final budget to the parliament for a period of (7) years and their final count (9) years (2011-2019).

⁸ The first paragraph of Article (98) of the Internal Rules of Parliament states: First: In the beginning of October, before the fiscal year, the budget will reach the Parliament.

8- According to Article (3) of Article (51) of the Internal Rules, the weekly sittings of the Parliament are to be held every third and fourth Saturdays, which means that (40) sittings should have been held, but within (5) months the Parliament has held only (18) sittings.

9- The majority of the committees have always been reluctant to write a report on the draft legislation, which has had an impact on the legislative process, but the presidency has not complied with Article (37) and the Deputy Speaker has not complied with Article (19) of Article (3), which is four. Set to slow the work of the committees.

10. The absence of MPs from the sittings of the Parliament and the meetings of the Committees has become apparent and as a result the list of attendees (17) of the Sittings of the Parliament and several meetings of the Committees has been published.

11- The reform law was approved, but there are several criticisms of the law, including (did not specify the minimum pension, retiring private ranks outside the terms of other pensions).

Recommendations

1- Political system has a direct impact on the nature and how the work of the parliament is conducted, the parliament before the drafting of the constitution of the region, the political system of the region should be the parliament, as one of the efforts to strengthen the parliament

2- Despite the presence of a number of gaps, the implementation of internal regulations such as itself guarantees the functioning of the parliament, in terms of (legislation, institutional oversight, budget questions).

3- In this course, there are many violations of the law (journalism, family violence, non-governmental organizations, the right to information) by the government, even the parliament does not like to work on many laws, such as (the right to information) and it is important for parliamentarians and parliamentarians. Work on enforcing the rules.

4- Apply the legislative decisions that have been passed in the previous sessions of the parliament, such as (the decision to support the people of Western Kurdistan) or (the Kurdistan Fund for Oil and Gas Revenue Law) have been approved and have not yet been implemented.

5. There are several important tasks that need to be worked on in the spring term, such as (pressure to send and approve the budget, pressure to bring the end of 2019, the passage of the Social Security and Health Act, the functioning of the Constitutional Committee).

6- Renewal of the chairmanship of the commissions (Human Rights, Integrity, Financial Supervision, Election Commission) that are over the Parliament and all of them have expired.

7- Parliament should play its role in resolving the crisis between the region and Bagdad.

8- To approve a new law for the election of the Kurdistan Parliament, which will be compatible with the multi-constituency and to resolve disputes between the election law and the internal rules of the parliament.

9. Work on the electronic voting system in the sittings of the parliament, which is ready in the third term of the parliament for work and a lot of budget has been spent on the renovation of the sitting halls, but so far this system does not work. This system needs to be used for the correctness and confidentiality of voting.

10- Committees in the spring to complete reports that are late in completing them.

Summary of the number of autumn courses
Table No. (8)

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The number of sittings held in parliament	18	
2.	Number of delayed meetings	3	Part of the sessions were closed
3.	Number of work items	43	
4.	Number of work items / implemented	43	
5.	Number of working / unimplemented	0	
6.	The number of draft laws and proposals and the decision that the first reading had been done to	22	
7.	Number of approved laws	4	
8.	Number of approved decisions	3	
9.	Number of Council of Ministers members requested by MPs to attend Parliament	3	* Showing negotiations Regional Government * Minister of Agriculture * Minister of Commerce
10.	The number of members of the Council of Ministers who were requested by the members of the House of Representatives but did not attend.	2	* Minister of Finance * Oil and Gas Regional Council
11.	The number of members of the Council of Ministers was present at their request in the Parliament Hall	1	* Minister of Electricity
12.	The number of inquiries (answers) of the members of the Council of Ministers	0	
13.	Number of meetings of the committees	223	
14.	The number of reports of the committees is written on the Project Law	24	
15.	The number of reports of the committees on the draft laws that were required to be written and it has not written	53	
16.	The number of questions asked by members to the government	264	It may be more
17.	Number of the members questions that were answered	145	It may be more
18.	Number of the members questions that were not answered	115	

The status of the parliamentary committees and their work and activities during the autumn binding period

We as Pay Institution want to thank the committees (civil society, Integrity, municipalities and tourism, Kurdish regions outside the region) for supporting the information of the committees.

Table No. (9)
Legislative Affairs Committee during the autumn Bonding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Bzhar Xalid Abdulla	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Abas Fatah Salih	Vice-chair	PUK	2	-
3.	Jalal Mohammed Amin	Rapporteur	Gorran	1	-
4.	Rupak Ahmed Rahman	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	-	-
5.	Abdulsalam Abdula Hasan	Member	PDK	2	-
6.	Rozhan Mohammed Karim	Member	PUK	2	-
7.	Xadija Omer Taha	Member	PDK	-	-
8.	Kawa Abdulqadr Hasan	Member	New Generation	-	1
9.	Sara Dilshad Abubakr	Member	P.G.T	-	-
10.	Robina Aumlik Aziz	Member	H.Y.N	-	-
11.	Rozhan Ibrahim Ali	Member	PDK	-	-

* Arshad Hussein Mohammed, from the party faction, was not on the committee and had one permission.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	26	
2.	The law project which report is written on	9	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	17	
4.	Committee meetings	25	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	2	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	-	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	5	* Minister of Trade and Industry * Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs * Minister of the Region and Secretary of the Council of Ministers. * Minister of the Region, Minister of Martyrs, Secretary of the Council of Ministers * Chairman of the Board of Directors
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (10)
Committee on Finance and Economic Affairs during the autumn Bonding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Zyad Jabar Mohammed	Chair	PUK	1	-
2.	Hevidar Ahmed Salman	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Mohammed Saadadin Anwar	Rapporteur	P.G.T	3	-
4.	Arshad Hussien Mohammed	Member	PDK	4	-
5.	Liza Falakadin Kakay	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Bahjat Ali Ibrahim	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Najat Shaaban Abdullah	Member	PDK	-	-
8.	Balen Esmail Haji	Member	Gorran	1	-
9.	Soran Omer Said	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	4	-
10.	Sherko Jawdat Mustafa	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Union	2	-
11.	Sarko Azad Hseen	Member	PUK	1	-

* - In the parliament's website Ali Hama Salih has not yet been removed from the committee and Balen Ismail has not been added to the committee yet. Ali Hama Salih had (3) permission.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	3	
2.	The law project which report is written on	1	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	2	
4.	Committee meetings	15	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	3	
6.	Follow-up and research	2	* For customs issues and how to facilitate business. * General Manager of Regional Banks.
7.	Field visit	2	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	6	* Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs and Minister of Finance and Economy. * Ministers (Region for Parliamentary Affairs, Interior, Martyrs). * Secretary of the Council of Ministers * Minister of Regional Affairs, Minister of Finance and Economy, Minister of the Region for the Kurdistan Region, Secretary and Chairman of the Presidency of the Council of Ministers. * Minister of the Region, Minister of Martyrs, Secretary of the Council of Ministers
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (11)
The Peshmerga Committee during the the autumn Bonding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Reving Muhammed Muhammed	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Osman Karim Swara	Vice-chair	PUK	2	-
3.	Rzgar Muhammed Mahmod	Rapporteur	Gorran	-	-
4.	Sarwan Muhammed Ali	Member	PDK	1	-
5.	Hikmat Muhammed Abuzaid	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Bzhar Xalid Abdullah	Member	PDK	1	-
7.	Saeed Mustafa Tatarxan	Member	PDK	1	-
8.	Jamal Hawez Mustafa	Member	PUK	3	-
9.	Balanbo Muhammed Ali	Member	PUK	2	-
10.	Abubakr Omer Abdulla	Member	Yakgrtw	-	-
11.	Bapir Kamala Sleman	Member	Sardam	-	-

* -Romio Huzaian Nisan, absent from the committee, had one permit and one absence.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	3	
2.	The law project which report is written on	2	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	1	
4.	Committee meetings	10	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	8	
6.	Follow-up and research	1	* The martyrdom of two Peshmergas in the 70th unit.
7.	Field visit	7	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	2	* Minister of the Region and Secretary of the Council of Ministers. * Minister of the Region, Minister of Martyrs, Secretary of the Council of Ministers.
9.	Establish a subcommittee	2	* To prepare for the drug bill. * Loss of life (Majid Harouti)

Table No. (12)
Local and Security Committees and local councils during the autumn Bonding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Shaxawan Rauf Mustafa	Chair	Gorran	-	-
2.	Balanbo Muhammed Ali	Vice-chair	PUK	1	-
3.	Hikmat Muhammed Abuzaid	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Rzgar Esa Swar	Member	PDK	-	-
5.	Nzar Mala Abdulxafar	Member	PDK	-	-
6.	Muhsin Hussen Mustafa	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Arshad Hussen Muhammed	Member	PDK	-	-
8.	Hawre Bana Muhamed	Member	PUK	2	-
9.	Abdulnasr Ahmed Ali	Member	PUK	1	-
10.	Yasin Xzr Taha	Member	Gorran	1	-
11.	Kawa Abdulqadr Hussen	Member	New Generation	1	-

* The Chairman of this Committee was elected on 20/11/2019, and the Committee was formed on (13/11/2019) in its sitting No. (7).

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	4	
2.	The law project which report is written on	1	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	3	
4.	Committee meetings	10	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	-	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	-	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	3	* Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs * Minister of the Region and Secretary of the Council of Ministers. * Minister of the Region, Minister of Martyrs, Secretary of the Council of Ministers.
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (13)
Agriculture and Audit Committee during the autumn Bonding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Abdulstar Majid Qadr	Chair	Kurdistan Islamic Group	-	-
2.	Shwan Karim Muhammed	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Safin Agha Omer	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Gulstan Baqy Sleman	Member	PDK	1	-
5.	Ehsan Muhammed Salim	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Hersh Hassan Muhammed	Member	PUK	2	-
7.	Osman Karim Swara	Member	PUK	2	-
8.	Yasin Xzr Taha	Member	Gorran	1	-
9.	Sipan Salm Hassan	Member	New Generation	1	1
10.	Halz Ahmed Muhammed	Member	Yakgrtw	1	-
11.	Jinan Jabar Boya	Member	H.Y.N	-	-

* -Sabah Mahmoud, was not on the committee and had one permission.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	3	
2.	The law project which report is written on	1	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	2	
4.	Committee meetings	9	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	2	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	-	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	1	* Minister of Agriculture and Water Resources
9.	Establish a subcommittee	1	* In order to visit the border gate area

Table No. (14)
Committee on Education and Higher Education and Scientific Research during the
autumn Bonding Course (September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Abdulsalam Abdulla Hassan	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Muslim Abdulla Rasul	Vice-chair	Kurdistan Islamic Group	-	-
3.	Galawezh Obed Osman	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Hasiba Saed Ibrahim	Member	PDK	-	-
5.	Gulstan Baqy Sleman	Member	PDK	-	-
6.	Shamol Ashty Sabir	Member	PUK	1	-
7.	Rahy Rahbar Ibrahim	Member	PUK	3	-
8.	Ashna Abdulla Qadr	Member	Gorran	-	1
9.	Zedan Rashidxan Awdal	Member	PDK	1	-
10.	Halz Ahmed Muhammed	Member	Yakgrtw	1	-
11.	Farid Yaqub Elia	Member	Rafidaen	1	-

* -Shadi Nawzad, was not on the committee and had two permissions.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	1	
2.	The law project which report is written on	0	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	1	
4.	Committee meetings	13	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	3	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	4	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	2	* Minister of Education * Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research
9.	Establish a subcommittee	2	* To find a solution to the problems of Syriac education in Duhok province. * Intended to pursue a number of complaints against universities.

Table No. (15)
Committee on Health, Environment and Consumer Affairs during the autumn Bonding
Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Sabah Mahmood Muhammed	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Shayan Kaka Salih	Vice-chair	Gorran	1	-
3.	Rozhan Ibrahim Ali	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Zana Xalid Smail	Member	PDK	2	-
5.	Galawezh Obed Osman	Member	PDK	-	-
6.	Baxtyar Shukry Sleman	Member	PDK	1	-
7.	Loqman Hamad Haji	Member	PUK	5	-
8.	Shno Ahqy Surchy	Member	PUK	4	-
9.	Jalal Muhammed Amin	Member	Gorran	2	-
10.	Kazm Farooq Namq	Member	New Generation	3	-
11.	Muslim Abdulla Rasul	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	2	1

* -Rozhan Ibrahim, is not on the committee and has one permission .

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	4	
2.	The law project which report is written on	1	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	3	
4.	Committee meetings	15	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	8	
6.	Follow-up and research	1	* Drug status
7.	Field visit	3	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	2	* Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs * Minister of Health
9.	Establish a subcommittee	1	* Drug status

Table No. (16)
Committee on the Affairs of Martyrs and Genocide and Political Prisoners during the
autumn bonding course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Sawsan Muhammed Mirxan	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Zhyan Tahir Ahmed	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Hazhan Hassan Ahmed	Rapporteur	PUK	1	-
4.	Bahman Abdulla Ahmed	Member	PDK	1	1
5.	Edris Ismael Abush	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Lanja Ibrahim Abdulrahman	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Rozhan Muhammed Karim	Member	PUK	1	-
8.	Shaxawan Rauf Mustafa	Member	Gorran	1	-
9.	Dyari Anwar Hamarahim	Member	Independent	1	-
10.	Osman Ali Smael	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	-	-
11.	Fahik Kamal Sughumun	Member	Arman	2	-

* -The following members are not in the committee anymore: (Sarwan Mohammad, has one permission, two absences), (Abdul Nasser Ahmed Ali, has two permissions), (Rizgar Mohammad, has two permissions), (Hawraman Hamasharif, has 5 absences. 2 permissions)

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	2	
2.	The law project which report is written on	2	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	0	
4.	Committee meetings	13	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	9	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	1	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	4	* Minister of Martyrs and Anfal Victims of the Regional Government * Minister of the Region and Secretary of the Council of Ministers. * Minister of the Region, Minister of Martyrs, Secretary of the Council of Ministers. * Minister of the Region and Minister of Martyrs
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (17)
Kurdistan Relations and Relations Committee during the autumn bonding course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Rebwar Abdulrahim Abdula	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Karwan Abdulrahman Abdula	Vice-chair	PUK	1	-
3.	Abubakr Omer Abdula	Rapporteur	Yakgrtw	-	-
4.	Zhyan Tahir Ahmed	Member	PDK	1	-
5.	Chya Hamid Sharif	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Edres Ismael Abush	Member	PDK	1	1
7.	Shirin Younis Abdula	Member	PUK	2	-
8.	Balen Ismael Haji	Member	Gorran	1	-
9.	Sirwan Faraj Muhamed	Member	Independent	1	-
10.	Muhammed Saaddadin Anwar	Member	P.G.T	1	1

* -The following members are not present in the committee anymore: (Ashna Abdullah, two permits), (Chia Hamid, one absent), (Salma Fateh one permit, and 2 absent), (Abdulstar Majid, one permit, and 2 absent).

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	-	
2.	The law project which report is written on	-	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	-	
4.	Committee meetings	11	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	5	
6.	Follow-up and research	1	* Bootleg travel abroad
7.	Field visit	4	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	1	* Head of External Relations
9.	Establish a subcommittee	1	* Bootleg Travel abroad via airports.

Table No. (18)
The Committee for the Kurdistan Region Outside the Region during the autumn
bonding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Jwan Younis Mahmud	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Jamal Hawez Mustafa	Vice-chair	PUK	1	-
3.	Abdulnasr Ahmed Ali	Rapporteur	PUK	-	-
4.	Mam Askandar Mam	Member	PDK	-	-
5.	Hadya Murad Haidar	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Liza Falakadin Sabir	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Shirin Amin Abdulaziz	Member	Gorran	1	-
8.	Goran Omer Ali	Member	Gorran	-	-
9.	Sirwan Faraj Muhammed	Member	Independent	-	-
10.	Mhedin Hassan Yousif	Member	Azadi	-	-
11.	Robina Aumlik Aziz	Member	H.Y.N	-	-

* -Safin Agha, is not on the committee anymore and had one permit.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	-	
2.	The law project which report is written on	-	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	-	
4.	Committee meetings	8	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	14	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	-	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	1	* Minister of Regional Affairs for the Kurdistan Region outside the region.
9.	Establish a subcommittee	1	* The plight of Shangal refugees and orphans.

Table No. (19)
Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, Industry and Trade during the autumn
bonding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Ali Hama Salih Taha	Chair	Gorran	-	-
2.	Gulizar Rashid Haji	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Sarko Azad Hseen	Rapporteur	PUK	1	-
4.	Peshawa Tahir Mustafa	Member	PDK	1	-
5.	Jihad Hassan Ibrahim	Member	PDK	2	-
6.	Baxtyar Shukry Sleman	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Rebwar Abdulrahim Abdula	Member	PDK	3	-
8.	Karwan Abdulrahman Abdul	Member	PUK	1	-
9.	Soran Omer Saeed	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	4	-
10.	Sherko Jawdat Mustafa	Member	Yakgrtw	3	-
11.	Jinan Jabar Boya	Member	H.Y.N	-	-

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	6	
2.	The law project which report is written on	1	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	5	
4.	Committee meetings	10	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	5	
6.	Follow-up and research	1	* Non-distribution of white oil to people.
7.	Field visit	3	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	-	
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (20)
Committee on Municipalities, Transportation, Transportation and Tourism during the
autumn bonding course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Luqman Hamad Haji	Chair	PUK	-	-
2.	Rzgar Esa Swar	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Nzar Mala Abdulghafar	Rapporteur	PDK	1	-
4.	Najat Shaaban Abdullah	Member	PDK	1	-
5.	Zedan Rshidxan Awdal	Member	PDK	-	-
6.	Mhedin Hassan Yousif	Member	Azadi	-	-
7.	Zikra Ahmed Ismael	Member	PUK	-	-
8.	Rzgar Muhammed Mahmood	Member	Gorran	-	-
9.	Sipan Slam Hassan	Member	New Generation	-	-
10.	Sarchnar Ahmed Mahmood	Member	Yakgrtw	2	-
11.	Klara Audisho Yaaqub	Member	Kldani	1	-

* -Bahjat Ali, is not on the committee and has one permission.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	2	
2.	The law project which report is written on	2	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	0	
4.	Committee meetings	15	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	8	
6.	Follow-up and research	7	
7.	Field visit	5	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	2	* Minister of Regional Affairs and Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs.
9.	Establish a subcommittee	1	* For home water quality issues.

Table No. (21)
Rehabilitation and Investment Committee during during the autumn bonding course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Hawre Bana Muhammed	Chair	PUK	-	-
2.	Bhjhat Ali Ibrahim	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Zahir Muhammed Ali	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Bahman Abdulla Ahmed	Member	PDK	-	-
5.	Shwan Karim Muhammed	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Safin Agha Omer	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Shamol Ashty Sabir	Member	PUK	1	-
8.	Daban Muhammed Hseen	Member	Gorran	1	-
9.	Hawraman Hamasharif	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	-	-
10.	Mzhda Mahmood Muhammed	Member	New Generation	1	-

* The Chairman of this Committee was elected on 20/11/2019, and the Committee was formed on (13/11/2019) in its sitting No. (7). Osman Ali Smile has one permission.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	-	
2.	The law project which report is written on	-	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	-	
4.	Committee meetings	6	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	2	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	4	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	-	
9.	Establish a subcommittee	2	* Visiting universities and institutes that have been approved for reconstruction by the Board of Investment. * Residential units for low-income people.

Table No. (22)
Committee on Education, Civil Society, Sports and Youth during the autumn bonding course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Salma Fatih Tofiq	Chair	PUK	1	1
2.	Jalal Muhammed Abdullah	Vice-chair	PDK	3	1
3.	Muhsin Hussien	Rapporteur	PDK	1	-
4.	Peshawa Tahir Mustafa	Member	PDK	1	-
5.	Gulizar Rashid Haji	Member	PDK	-	1
6.	Faisal Abas Aula	Member	PUK	4	-
7.	Goran Omer Ali	Member	Gorran	-	-
8.	Mam Burhan Qanih	Member	Independent	2	-
9.	Rupak Ahmed Rahman	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	5	-
10.	Azad Akram Bahram	Member	Millat	1	1

* - Saeed Mustafa, absent from the committee and has two permission and two absences, Muslim Abdullah, absent from the committee and has one permission.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	2	
2.	The law project which report is written on	2	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	0	
4.	Committee meetings	14	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	16	
6.	Follow-up and research	2	*on spending 20 billion for Sulaymaniyah's enlightenment capital . * How to spend \$ 5 million on Erbil as the tourism capital of the Arab world.
7.	Field visit	4	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	2	* Minister of Trade and Industry. * Chairman of the Human Rights Commission
9.	Establish a subcommittee	1	* All laws on non-governmental organizations in the Kurdistan Region.

Table No. (23)
The inaugural committee during the autumn binding course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Shirin Amin Abdulaziz	Chair	Gorran	1	-
2.	Saeed Mustafa Tatarxan	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Hevidar Ahmed Salman	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Omed Abdulrahman Hseen	Member	PDK	4	-
5.	Layla Abduljabar Hado	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Waesy Saeed Waesy	Member	PDK	1	-
7.	Shno Ashqy Abdullah	Member	PUK	-	-
8.	Daban Muhammed Hussen	Member	Gorran	2	-
9.	Mzhda Mahmud Muhammed	Member	New Generation	1	-
10.	Sarchnar Ahmed Mahmood	Member	Yakgrtw	3	-

* -Robina Umlik Aziz, is not on the committee and has two permissions.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	-	
2.	The law project which report is written on	-	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	-	
4.	Committee meetings	12	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	1	
6.	Follow-up and research	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * To spend \$ 5 million earmarked for Erbil province as the tourism capital of the Arab world. * Determination of 261 million dinars from the Acre College of Education. * Household water standards. * More than 2 billion dinars have been lost from the Sulaymaniyah Implementation Command.
7.	Field visit	15	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	1	* Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Deputy Minister of Municipalities.
9.	Establish a subcommittee	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Problems with household water metering. * Citizens' demands. * Citizens' demands. * Aiming to visit the Sulaymaniyah Investigation Office under the Rania and Halabja Bureau of Corrections.

Table No. (24)
Parliamentary Affairs Committee and Complaints during the Autumn Binding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Esmail Ali Taha	Chair	Yakgrtw	-	-
2.	Chya Hamid Sharif	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Reving Muhammed Muhammed	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Sarwan Muhammed Ali	Member	PDK	-	1
5.	Xadija Omer Taha	Member	PDK	-	-
6.	Sausan Muhammed Mirxan	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Hazhan Hassan Ahmed	Member	PUK	-	-
8.	Rahi Rahbar Saed Braem	Member	PUK	-	1
9.	Shayan Kaka Salih	Member	Gorran	1	-
10.	Himdad Sabah Bilal	Member	Turkmen Front	-	-
11.	Farid Yaqub Eleia	Member	Rafidaen	1	1

* The Chairman of this Committee was elected on 20/11/2019, and the Committee was formed on (13/11/2019) in its sitting No. (7).

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	-	
2.	The law project which report is written on	-	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	-	
4.	Committee meetings	6	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	1	
6.	Follow-up and research	1	* Follow up on the renovation of the house and Apartments and parliaments and how to spend the allocated money.
7.	Field visit	-	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	-	
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (25)
The Committee on Endowments and Religious Affairs during the Autumn Binding
Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Hawraman Hamasharif	Chair	Kurdistan Islamic Group	-	-
2.	Ehsan Muhammed Salim	Vice-chair	PDK	-	-
3.	Waysi Saed Waysi	Rapporteur	PDK	-	-
4.	Jihad Hassan Ibrahim	Member	PDK	1	-
5.	Hadya Murad Haidar	Member	PDK	-	-
6.	Zahir Muhammed Ali	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Faisal Abas Aula	Member	PUK	1	-
8.	Herish Hassan Hamad	Member	PUK	1	-
9.	Kazim Faruq Namiq	Member	New Generation	1	-
10.	Ismael Ali Taha	Member	Yakgrtw	-	-
11.	Klara Audisho Yaqoub	Member	Ashury	1	-

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	-	
2.	The law project which report is written on	-	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	-	
4.	Committee meetings	8	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	1	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	3	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	1	* Minister of Endowments and Religious Affairs
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (26)
Committee on Social Affairs and Human Rights Advocacy during the Autumn Binding Course (September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Romio Huzairan Nisan	Chair	H.Y.N	-	-
2.	Gulistan Saeed Muhammed	Vice-chair	Gorran	1	-
3.	Badrya Ismael Mahmud	Rapporteur	Kurdistan Islamic Group	2	-
4.	Hasiba Saeed Ibrahim	Member	PDK	-	-
5.	Layla Abduljabar Hado	Member	PDK	1	-
6.	Zana Xalid Ismael	Member	PDK	3	-
7.	Mam Askandar Mam	Member	Pdk	3	-
8.	Shirin Younis Abdulla	Member	Gorran	1	-
9.	Zikra Ahmed Ismael	Member	PUK	-	-
10.	Shadi Nawzad Wahab	Member	Independent	1	-
11.	Himdad Sabah Bilal	Member	Turkmen Front	2	-

* -The following members are no longer present in the committee: (Ihsan Mohammad, one permit and four absent), (Juan Younis, one permit), (Salma Fateh, two permits).

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	3	
2.	The law project which report is written on	1	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	2	
4.	Committee meetings	16	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	8	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	12	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	1	* Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs * Chairman of the Human Rights Commission
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Table No. (27)
Women's Rights Advocacy Committee during the Autumn Binding Course
(September 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020)

No.	Names	Rank	Fraction	Permission	Absent
1.	Lanja Ibrahim Abdulrahman	Chair	PDK	-	-
2.	Shadi Nawzad Wahab	Vice-chair	Independent	1	-
3.	Jwan Younis Mahmood	Rapporteur	PDK	1	-
4.	Jalal Muhammed Abdullah	Member	Gorran	2	-
5.	Salma Fatih Tofiq	Member	PUK	2	-
6.	Gulistan Saeed Muhamed	Member	PDK	-	-
7.	Badrya Ismael Mahmood	Member	Kurdistan Islamic Group	2	-

* The chairman of this committee was elected on 20/11/2019, and the committee was formed on (13/11/2019) in the 7th session. Ashna Abdullah Qadir is no longer a member in the committee and has three permissions.

No.	Title	No.	Note
1.	The law projects that was directed	-	
2.	The law project which report is written on	-	
3.	The law project which report is not written on	-	
4.	Committee meetings	7	
5.	Listening Sessions (Welcome)	4	
6.	Follow-up and research	-	
7.	Field visit	2	
8.	Minister's participation in the meetings	-	
9.	Establish a subcommittee	-	

Appendix No. (1)

Text of the speech of the Speaker of Parliament at the opening session of the autumn session

دهقی وتاری سه رۆکی په رله مان له دانیشتنی کردنه وهی خولی پایزه

له دانیشتنی کردنه وهی خولی پایزه رۆژی په کشه مه ۲۰۱۹/۰۹/۱ سه عات ۱۱ ی پېشنیوه رۆ به رپوه چوو، د ریواز فایه ق سه رۆکی په رله مانى کوردستان به و بونه یه وه وتاریکی پیشکه شکرد وتی: خولی پایزه ی گریدان له سالی یه که می خولی پینجه می هه لېژارنى په رله مانى کوردستان ده ستپیده کات و متمانه به خشین به کابینه ی نۆه می حکومتی هه ریمی کوردستان له ۲۰۱۹/۰۷/۱۰ خالی جه وهه رى و جیا که ره وهی ئەم وه رزه ده بیته له وه رزی یاسادانانى یه که م، چونکه له رپوه کانی یاسادانان و چاودیری و به دوا داچوونى ناماده کاریه کانی بودجه ی گشتی هه ریم ئەرکی راسته قینه و جیاواز ده که ویته ئەستوی په رله مان و په رله مانتاران، بۆیه گرنه گه پوانگه ی ته شریعی پوونمان بۆ وه رزه که هه بیته و ئەرکی چاودیری کردنی حکومتیش هاوته ریب له گه ل ئەرکی یاسادانان له چوارچپوه ی یاسا و په رپوه ی ناوخۆ نادیده نه گرین، چونکه ئەم دوو ئەرکه یه کتر ته واو ده که ن و بایه خ و ئەرزشى یه کتر په نگرپژ ده که ن. به گشتی پیش خسته پووی پلان و پوانگه مان بۆ ئەم وه رزه ی یاسادانان به گرنگی ده زانین له چاره نووسی ئەو پینشیازه یاسا و بریارانه ی که له وه رزی پیشوو ئاراسته ی په رله مان کراون ئاگادارتان بکه ینه وه بۆته وهی پلانی داها توومان بهر مه بنای ئەوه بیته که پیشتر کراوه.

کۆی گشتی (۳۴) پینشیازه یاسا و بریار ئاراسته ی سه رۆکایه تیبی په رله مان کراوه و ئەوانیش به مشپوه یه ی خواره وه مامه له یان له گه ل کراوه:-

یه که م:- (۳) پینشیازه یاسا و بریار په سند کراون.

دووه م:- (۱۴) پینشیازه یاسا و بریار ئاراسته ی حکومت کراوه بۆ په زامه ندی دان له سه ر بارگرانی داراییان بۆته وهی خویندنه وهی یه که میان بۆ بکریته ئاماژه به (برگه ی چواره م/۷۹) ی په رپوه ی ناوخۆ.

سیه هم:- (۲) پینشیازه یاسا مه رجی پواله تی پینشیازه یاسای تیدا نه بووه و ئاراسته ی ئەو په رله مانتاران کراونه ته وه که واژویان کردوه بۆ چاککردن ئاماژه به (برگه ی سییه م/۸۸) ی په رپوه ی ناوخۆ.

چواره م:- (۱) پینشیازه یاسا ئاراسته ی حکومت کراوه بۆ ئاماده بوون له کۆبوونه وهی لیژنه ی تایبه تمه ند ئاماژه به (برگه ی یه که م/۴۲) ی په رپوه ی ناوخۆ.

پینجه م:- (۶) پینشیازه یاسا و بریار ئاماده کراون بۆ خویندنه وهی یه که م له کۆبوونه وهی هاوبه شى ده سته ی سه رۆکایه تی و لیژنه ی یاسایی به پیتی ماده دى (۷۹) ی په رپوه ی ناوخۆ.

شه شه م:- (۲) پینشیازه یاسا که به زمانى عه ره بی پیشکه ش کراون، ئاراسته ی کاروباری په رله مان کراونه ته وه بۆته وهی وه رگی پدیرینه سه ر زمانى کوردی، بهر مه بنای حوکمه کانی یاسای زمانه فه رمیه کان له هه ریمی کوردستان ژماره (۶) ی سالی ۲۰۱۴.

حه وته م:- (۱) پینشیازه یاسا ره تکراره ته وه له لایه ن لیژنه ی یاسایی به پیتی برگه ی یه که م له ماده دى (۸۰) ی په رپوه ی ناوخۆ.

هه شه م:- (۲) پینشیازه یاسا هیشتا ئاراسته ی لیژنه ی یاسایی نه کراون بۆ هه لسه نگاندن و بریاردان له سه ریان.

نۆیه م:- (۱) پینشیازه یاسا ئاراسته ی لیژنه ی یاسایی کراوه هیشتا بۆ خویندنه وهی یه که م ئاراسته ی سه رۆکایه تی نه کراوه ته وه.

ده یه م:- (۲) پینشیازه یاسا له لایه ن ژماره ی یاسایی په رله مانتاران پیشکه ش کرابوون، به لام له بنه په تدا حکومت له خولی چواره م ئاراسته ی په رله مانى کوردی و له خولی پینجه م به نوسراوی فه رمی داواى گه راندنه وه یانی کوردبو بۆیه په رله مان ئاراسته ی حکومتی کردنه وه.

ئامانجیشمان له خسته پووی ئەم پۆلینکاریه ئەوه یه به رای گشتی و به پزتانى رابگه یه نین که به چاوی بایه خه وه له پینشیازی پیشکه شکراوی په رله مانتاران ده پوانین و خۆمان پابه ندی حوکمه کانی په رپوه ی ناوخۆ کردوه له مامه له کردن له گه ل پینشیازی یاسا و بریاره کان و له پشووی وه رزی یاسادانان زیاتر له جاریک لیژنه ی کاروباری یاسایی و لیژنه تایبه تمه نده کان و سه رۆکایه تیبی په رله مان کۆبوونه وه هاوا هه نگیمان کردوه بۆ یه کلاییکردنه وهی چاره نووسی پینشیازه یاساکان.

وتیشی: وەك سەرۆكایه‌تی پەرله‌مانی كوردستان پلانمان داناوه كه له‌سەر چه‌ند ئاستیك كاره‌كانمان ئاراسته بکه‌ین و له‌م خالانه‌دا چڕیان ده‌كه‌ینه‌وه: -

یه‌كه‌م: - سهرباری کارکردنمان بۆ هاوئاهاهنگی و پته‌وکردنی په‌یوه‌ندیان له‌گه‌ڵ ته‌واوی فراکسیۆنه کوردستانییه‌کانی ئه‌نجومه‌نی نوێنه‌رانی عێراق، له‌ هه‌ولێ سیاسی و به‌کارهێنانی مافه‌ ده‌ستووری و یاساییه‌کانمان به‌رده‌وام ده‌بین، له‌لایه‌ك بۆ به‌رگرتن به‌ په‌سه‌ندکردنی ئه‌و پێشنيازه‌ یاسایانه‌ی كه دژ به‌ پێسا ده‌ستووریه‌یه‌کان و بنه‌ماکانی سیستمی فیدرالی (پروژه یاسای خزمه‌تی شارستانی) و هاوشیوه‌کانی، له‌لایه‌كیش له‌ دادگای ئیتحادی تانه‌ له‌و یاسایانه‌ ده‌ده‌ین كه دژ به‌و پێساو بنه‌مایانه‌ به‌ ئاراسته‌ی سهرینه‌وه‌ی یان كه‌م‌کردنه‌وه‌ی ده‌سه‌لاتی دامه‌زراوه‌ ده‌ستووریه‌یه‌کانی هه‌رێم تێپه‌رێنراون و هه‌ك یاسای (كارگێڕی فیدرالی) كه له‌ ساڵی 2019 په‌سه‌ندكراوه‌.

دووم: - پەرله‌مانی كوردستان هاوكات له‌گه‌ڵ هاندانی گشت لایه‌نه‌ سیاسییه‌كان بۆ یه‌كپیزی و هاوئاهاهنگی له‌چاره‌سه‌ركردنی كێشه‌کانی كه‌ركوك و ته‌واوی ناوچه‌ كوردستانییه‌کانی ده‌روه‌ی هه‌رێم و هاندانیان بۆ ئاماده‌كاری بۆ هه‌لبژاردنی پارێزگاکان و پرۆسه‌ی سه‌رژمێری گشتی بریارلێدراو له‌لایه‌نی حكوته‌ی ناوه‌ندی، پشتیوانی سیاسی خۆی بۆ بژاردنی گه‌وتوگۆ له‌نیوان حكوته‌ی هه‌رێم و حكوته‌ی فیدرالی به‌ ئاراسته‌ی دانوستانی هاوسه‌نگ و چاره‌سه‌ری لۆژیکی كێشه‌كان له‌ به‌رژه‌وه‌ندی كوردستانیان و فه‌راهه‌م‌کردنی سه‌قامگێری سیاسی و ئابووری پاده‌گه‌یه‌نیت.

سێهه‌م: - به‌مه‌به‌ستی په‌خساندنی زه‌مینه‌ی سیاسی له‌بار و ژینگه‌یه‌کی ته‌ندروست بۆ کارا‌کردنه‌وه‌ی لیژنه‌ی ئاماده‌کردنی ده‌ستوور بۆ راپرسی، ده‌ستمان به‌سه‌ردانی حیزب و لایه‌نه‌ سیاسییه‌کانی هه‌رێمی كوردستان کردوه، به‌رده‌وام ده‌بین به‌مه‌به‌ستی دروستکردنی جوړیك له‌ كۆده‌نگی سیاسی و نیشتمانی سه‌باره‌ت به‌ پرۆژه‌ی ده‌ستووری هه‌رێمی كوردستان كه دواچار ده‌بێته‌ سایه‌ی كۆکردنه‌وه‌ی گشت جیاوازییه‌كان و پارێزهری ماف و ئازادییه‌ گشتیه‌كان و ده‌بیت فه‌راهه‌می په‌زنامه‌ندی جوړیك له‌ كۆده‌نگی پێشوه‌خته‌ی بۆ بکه‌ین. چاره‌م: - كابينه‌ی نوێه‌می حكوته‌ی هه‌رێمی كوردستان کارنامه‌یه‌کی راگه‌یه‌نراوی هه‌یه‌ كه له‌به‌رده‌م پەرله‌مانی كوردستان خراوه‌ته‌په‌ر، جێبه‌جێکردنی ئه‌و کارنامه‌یه‌ش زه‌مینه‌ی ته‌شریعی له‌باری ده‌وێت كه خۆی له‌ نزیكه‌ی 14-16 پرۆژه‌یاسا و بریاردا ده‌بیننه‌وه، له‌هه‌ره‌ گه‌رنه‌ترینیان پرۆژه‌یاسای چاكسازی له‌ بوا‌ری خه‌رجی و داها‌ت و وه‌زیفه‌ی گشتی و خانه‌نشینی، چاكسازی له‌كه‌رتی ته‌ندروستی و ده‌رمان و خۆراك له‌ پێگه‌ی پرۆژه‌یاسا‌کانی (دامه‌زراوه‌ی نیشتمانی ده‌رمان و خۆراك، پاراستنی مافی نه‌خۆش، پارێزبه‌ندی پزیشکان و کارمهندانی ته‌ندروستی)، پرۆژه‌یاسای (پاراستنی سه‌رچاوه‌کانی ئاو له‌ هه‌رێمی كوردستان)، پرۆژه‌ یاسای (هه‌مواری یاسای وه‌به‌ره‌تانه‌)، پرۆژه‌یاسای (بیمه‌ی كشتوكالی)، (پرۆژه‌یاسای كار و بیمه‌ی كۆمه‌لایه‌تی بۆ كریكارانی كه‌رتی تایبه‌ت)، (پرۆژه‌ یاسای سیستمی بانکی هاوچه‌رخ) و هتد، بۆیه‌ له‌و پوانه‌گه‌یه‌ی كه په‌رله‌مان به‌رپرسه‌ له‌ په‌خساندنی زه‌مینه‌ی ته‌شریعی بۆ به‌ئامانج گه‌یاندنی کارنامه‌كه‌ هه‌ك خۆی كه‌ دواچار کارنامه‌ی ژۆرینه‌یه‌کی په‌های په‌رله‌مانیه‌ی و هاوكات لۆژیک ئه‌وه‌یه‌ كه ته‌رحه‌مه‌کردنی هه‌له‌ گشتیه‌یه‌كان بۆ یاسا پرۆسه‌ی چاودێریکردنیش له‌لایه‌ن په‌رله‌مانه‌وه‌ ئاسانتر ده‌كات به‌ر مه‌بنای خۆپا‌به‌ندکردنی پێشوه‌خته‌ی حكوته‌ به‌و پرۆژه‌یاسایانه‌ی كه ده‌یانێرتیه‌ په‌رله‌مان و لێره‌ دوا‌ی ده‌وله‌مه‌ندکردنیان به‌تێبێنییه‌کانی په‌رله‌مانتاران په‌سه‌ند ده‌کرێن، به‌ فه‌رمی داوا له‌ حكوته‌ی هه‌رێمی كوردستان ده‌که‌ین هه‌رچی زووتره‌ ئه‌و پرۆژه‌ی بنه‌رتیه‌ په‌رله‌مان بۆ ئه‌وه‌ی به‌پێی په‌په‌وه‌ی ناوخۆ ئه‌وله‌ویه‌تیان له‌ وه‌زری ته‌شریعی نوێدا پێ‌ده‌ین.

پنجه‌م: - له‌به‌ر پۆشنای یاسا به‌رکاره‌کانی هه‌رێم و په‌په‌وه‌ی ناوخۆ، یه‌كێکی تر له‌ ئه‌ركه‌کانی په‌رله‌مان په‌سه‌ندکردنی یاسای بودجه‌ی گشتیه‌، كه له‌هه‌مان كاتدا یه‌كێشه‌ له‌ پا‌به‌ندییه‌کانی حكوته‌، بۆیه‌ پێشبینیمان ئه‌وه‌یه‌ كابينه‌ی نوێه‌م هه‌رچی زووتره‌ كار بۆ ئاماده‌کردنی بودجه‌ی گشتی هه‌رێمی كوردستان بکات و ئاراسته‌ی په‌رله‌مانی كوردستان بکریت بۆ په‌سه‌ندکردن، به‌تایبه‌ت كه دوا‌ینجار بودجه‌ی تیدا په‌سه‌ند كراوه‌ ساڵی 2013 بووه‌ دوا‌ی ئه‌و به‌رواره‌ خه‌رجی و داها‌ت به‌شیوه‌ی هه‌رپه‌مه‌کی مامه‌له‌یان له‌گه‌ڵ كراوه‌.

شه‌ه‌م: - له‌به‌ر پۆشنای یاسا به‌رکاره‌كان و په‌په‌وه‌ی ناوخۆی په‌رله‌مانی كوردستان، ئه‌ندامانی به‌پێزی په‌رله‌مان ده‌سه‌لاتی پێشكه‌شکردنی پێشنيازی یاسا و بریاریان هه‌یه‌و به‌حوكمی به‌رکه‌وتنی پۆژانه‌یان له‌گه‌ڵ دامه‌زراوه‌ فه‌رمیه‌یه‌كان و هاو‌لا‌تیانی كوردستان

و دۆزى كەرتە جىاوازه كان لە ھەموو كەس باشتەر دەزانن پىداويستىيە كانى ھەريىمى كوردستان لە پرووى سىستىمى تەشريعىيە ھە چىھ و كە ماسى و كە موكوپىيى ياسا بەركارە كانىش چىن، بۆيە داوا دەكەين خالى ھاوبەشى نىو كارنامە كانتانن بدۆزىنە ھەو بۆ كاملكردنى سىستىمى تەشريعى نەخەملىوى ھەريىمە كە مان لە ھوارە ژيارىيە زىندوو ھەو كان و ھەمواركردنى ياسا بەركارە كان، ھاوئاھەنگى بىكەن بە تايبەت لە ھوارى پىكخستنى دەروازە سنوورىيە كانى ھەريىمى كوردستان، لامەركەزىيەتى كارگىرپى و دارايى، فرەكردنى سەرچاوە كانى داھات، پەرەپىدانى كەرتە كانى كشتوكال و پىشەسازى و بازىرگانى و گەشتوگوزار، فرەراھە مەكردنى ھەلى كار بۆ گەنجان و دەرچوانى زانكۆكان، پاراستنى ژىنگەى كوردستان، قەدەغەكردنى بازىرگانىكردن و بەكارھىنانى مادەھۆشەبەرەكان بە ياسايەكى تايبەت و ھەر ھوارپىكى تر كە بە گرنكى دەزانن.

لە كۆتايىشدا داواكارىن گشت پەرەمانتاران و فراكسىۆنەكان ھاوكار و ھاوئاھەنگ بن بۆئەھەى لەم خولەى گرىداندا پەرەمانى كوردستان بگەينە خاوەنى ياسايەكى سەرەخۆ بەناوى (ياساى ئەرک و پىكھاتەى پەرەمانى كوردستان) بۆ پىكخستنى دەسەلات و بەرپرسىارپىتى و پىكھاتەو كاروبارەكانى پەرەمان لەبەر پۆشنايى پەرنسىپى جياكردنەھەى دەسەلاتەكان و تايبەتمەندى دەسەلاتى ياسادانان .

پاشان بەرگەى چوارەمى كارنامەى دانىشتنەكە برىتى بوو لە وتارى سەرۆك فراكسىۆنەكانى بۆ خستنە رووى ئەولەويەتى تەشريعىيان لە ھەرزى ياسادانانى نوئى، تەنھا لە ماوەى (٢) خولەكدا، و لەسەر پىشناى ئومىد خۆشناو، سەرۆكى فراكسىۆنى پارتى، پىكەشكردنى ئەولەويەتەنە ئەم خولەى ياسادانان لە فراكسىۆنەكانى ئوپۆزىسيۆنەو دەستى پىكرد. ھەر ھەك لە بەرنامەى كارەكەدا ھاتوو، ئىمە تەنھا ئەو وتانەمان داناو تەوھە كە پەيوەستە بە ديارى كردنى ئەو لەويەتى تەشريعى فراكسىۆنەكان لە خولى پايزەدا.

***كازم فاروق، سەرۆكى فراكسىۆنى نەھەى نوئى، وتى:** كارى پەرەمان ياسا دانان و چاودىرى و بودجەيە، ناكىت پەرەمان نەزانىت گىرفانى حكومت چەندى پارە تىدايە و لە چىدا خەرجى دەكات، كەواتە دەبىت:

- ١- سالانە بودجە بىتە پەرەمان.
- ٢- دەبىت كاربەين بۆ گىرانەوھە پاشەكەوتى موچە.
- ٣- ھەلى كار دۆزىنەوھە بە پرۆژە ياسايەك كە ئىمە خۆمان پىشكەشى پەرەمانى دەكەين بە ھەماھەنگى لەگەل حكومتدا بۆ ئەھەى لە كەرتى گشتى و تايبەت سود لە تواناي ئەو گەنجانە ھەربىگىرپىت، لەگەل دەرچووى زانكۆ و يەكەمەكاندا.
- ٤- ديارە سالى نوئى خوئىندن دەست پىدەكاتەوھە، بەلام بەداخەوھە قوتابخانە و ناوھەندەكانى خوئىندنى بالا، بە كۆمەلەك كىشەوھە چاوەروانى خوئىندكاران دەكەن، ئىمە لە خولى پىشووڤا پرۆژە ياسايەكمان پىشكەشكرد، بۆ گەرانەوھەى دەرمالەى خوئىندكارانى زانكۆ و پەيمانگان.

٥- بەپى راپۆرتى كۆتايى دىلۆت حكومتى ھەريىم مانگانە (٧٠٠) ملۆن دۆلار داھاتى ھەبووھە لە بەغدادەوھە بودجەشى بۆ ھاتووھە.
***عەبدولستار مەجىد، سەرۆكى فراكسىۆنى كۆمەل، رايگەياند:**

- ١- ئەولەويەتەنە گەرانەوھەى پاشەكەوتى موچە خۆرانە و پرۆژەمان لەم بارەيەوھە پىشكەش كردوھە.
- ٢- ئىمە پرۆژەمان ئامادەيە و خۆمان بە خاوەنى پرۆژەى چاكسازى دەزانين كە كاتى خۆى پىشكەش كراوھە، برۆمان وايە وىراى چاكسازى لە خانەنشىنى و خەرجىيەكان دەبىت چاكسازى حەقىقى لە داھات بىكرىت، بە تايبەتى لە نەوت و گاز و گومورگ و داھاتە ناوخۆيەكان، كە سەرچاوەى گەورەى گەندەلەيە ئەگەر چاكسازى تىادا نەكرىت.
- ٣- ھەموارى ئىنفازى ياساى خانەنشىنى يەكگرتوى عىراقمان ئامادەيە، كە تارادەيە لە دادگەرى نزيكە.
- ٤- دەرچواندى ياسا گرنگە، بەلام جىبەجىكردنىشى زۆر گرنگە، لە ئەنجامى جىبەجىنەكردنى ياسا، ھەريىمى كوردستان بەرەو پاشاگەردانى دەروات، بۆيە گرنگە ياساى لە سىدارەدان بۆ ئەو كوشتنانەى بى رەزا و ناقۆلان جىبەجى بىكرىت، بۆ نمونە "دوو كورپ باوكى خۆيان بە چەقۆ دەكوژن، دوو مئىرمانال، منالەيكى تر بە بەرد دەكوژن، پياويك لەبەردەم دادگا بە شەش فىشەك ژنەكەى خۆى

دەكوژىت، كەسنىڭ بۇ دووسەد و چل ھەزار دىنار، كەسنىكى دىكە دەكوژىت، پىژەى تاوانى كوشتنە بىژەزا و خەتەرنەكان لە كۆمەلگەدا تا دىت زىاتر دەبىت، بۆيە داوادەكەين ياساى لەسەدارەدان كارا بىكرىت كە ئىستا كارپىكردىنى پاگىراوہ.

۵-پىژىگرتن لەو ياساىانەى لە پەرلەمانەوہ دەرچووہ و جىيەجىكردىنى لەلايەن حكومەتى ھەرىمەوہ.

۶- ناكرى بىژىزى بە ھىچ ئاينىك بىكرىت بەتايەتەيش ئاينى پىروژى ئىسلام، ئەمە تاوانە و لە ياساى سزادانى عىراقىدا سزى بۇ دانراوہ، پىويستە حكومەتى ھەرىم پىگە بەو بىژىزىانە نەدات و سزى تاوانباران بەدات، خەلك ھەيە لەسەر قسە وتن بە سەرۆكى حزبىك بىسەروشوتىنكراوہ، كى قبولى دەكات جنىو بە خوى يان بە باوكى يان بە خىزان و دايكى بىرىت؟ ئەى چۆن قبولى دەكەن بىژىزى بە ئىسلام و ناوہكانى خواى گەورە بىكرىت، "وہك فراكسىونى كۆمەل داوادەكەين حكومەتى ھەرىم و دەسەلاتى دادوہرى بە ئەركى خويان ھەستن و پىكارى ياساى دژى ئەو كەسانە بىكرىتەبەر كە بىژىزىان بە ئىسلام و ناوہكانى خواى گەورە كىرەبوو، لەگەل ئەوہدا نىن بىژىزى و سوکايەتى بە ھىچ ئاينىك بىكرىت.

***شپىرگىز جەودەت، سەرۆكى فراكسىونى يەكگرتوو، رايگە ياند: ئىمە نەخشەى چاودىرمان ھەيە پىش نەخشەى ياساى لەسەر**

مەسەلەى (بودجە، گىرانەوہى پاشەكەوتنى مووچە، كشتوكال، سندوقى داھاتى نەوت و گاز، گىبەست و دامەزراندنەكان، كەرتى كارەبا) و ئەداى حكومەت بەگشتى. سەبارەت بە نەخشەى ياسايشمان، ئەمانەن:

۱-پاكىچى چاكسازى گشتى كە ئىشكالىەتى زىاتر لە (۲۵۰) ھەزار بندىوار و فرە مووچە و خانەنشىنى ناياساى چارەسەر دەكات و دەرمانەكان رىكەدخات وە تەخمىن كراوہ زىاتر لە ۱۰۰ مليار دىنار دەگىرئەوہ خەزىنەى حكومەت، پىشكەشمان كردوہ و ھىوادارىن لەگەل ئەوہى حكومەت يەك بىخىت.

۲-ياساى مرؤفە سازى كە ئىشكالىياتى دارمانى ئەخلاقيات و بەھا ئىنسانىەكان و ئىرادە و ناخى مرؤفەكانە، كە تەمەنى ئەم دارمانە زىاتر لە ۱۰۰ سالا، بۇ ئەوى لە پىروژەى پەرەردەوہ مرؤفى كورد بنىاتبىرئەوہ، پىشكەشمان كردوہ.

۳-ھەموارى ياساى و بەرھىتان كە تەقدىرات دەكرىت بەوہى زىاتر لە ۴۳ مليار دۆلار زەرەرى داوہ لەدارايى گشتى ھەرىمى كوردستان و خەلك، پىشكەشمان كردوہ.

۴-ياساى مندالە ونبوہكانى ھەلەبجە، كە دۆزىنەوہ و خەزمەتكردنەكان بە ياسا رىك نەخكراوہ.

۵-ياساى بىمەى تەندروستى.

۶-ياساى كار كە ئىشكالىەتى خانەنشىن كەرتى تايبەت چارەسەر دەكات.

۷-ھەموارى ياساى باج و دەرمانەت.

۸-ياسا (من اين لك هذا) دەرېكرىت كە مەبدەئىكى قورئانىە بۇ لىپرسىنەوہ لە سەرمايەداران كەرتى تايبەت و فەرمانبەرانى كەرتى حكومەت كە خاوەن سەرمايەن، كە چۆن ئەو سەرمايەيەان پەيدا كردوہ.

۹-ياساى سبىكردەوہى پارەكانى ھەرىم كە بە ناياساى براوہتە دەرەوہ، ئەم ياسايشمان پىشكەش كردوہ.

***د.مى الدين، سەرۆكى فراكسىونى ئازادى، وتى:**

۱-تەپەراندنى پىروژى چاكسازى، ھەرچەند ئىمە پىمان وايە دەبىت ناوى ئەو پىروژەيە بگورىت بۇ ھەمواركردن و راستكردنەوہى دەرمانەكان، لەبىرى چاكسازى، چونكە چاكسازى پىروژەيەكى بەردەوامە و تەنھا بەو ياساىە چارەسەر ناكىت، بەلكو بوارى جيا جيا دەگىرئەوہ لەوانە (دارايى، كارگىزى، ئابورى، دادوہرى، بەرەنگارىبوونەوہى گەندەلى و بەھىزكردنى چاودىزى).

۲-بوچەى ھەرىمى كوردستان.

۳-كاركردن لەسەر دەستورى ھەرىمى كوردستان.

۴-ياساى بىمەى تەندروستى.

۵-ھەمواركردنى ھەردوو ياساى مافى زىندانىانى سىياسى و ياساى وەبەرھىنان.

6- کارکردنی یاسایی ئه نجومه نی رازه.

7- کارکردن بۆ دانانی یاسای خزمه تی سه ربارزی ئیلزامی له هه رییمی کوردستان.

***نومید خۆشناو، سه رۆکی فراکسیۆنی پارتی، وتی:**

- 1- جیبه جیکردنی ریکه وتنی لایه نه پیکهتینه ره کانی حکومه ت و هه ماهه نگیکردن له گه ل فراکسیۆنه کانیان.
- 2- پرۆژه یاسای چاکسازی.
- 3- پرۆژه یاسای خانه شینی هیزه کانی ناسایشی ناوخۆ و پیشمه رگه.
- 4- پرۆژه یاسای ده روزه سنوورییه کان.
- 5- پرۆژه یاسا له باره ی که رتی ته ندروستی و مافه کانی نه خۆش و دکتۆر و بیمه ی ته ندروستی.
- 6- پشتیوانیکردن له شه فافیه ت و زیاتر به رقه رارکردنی دادپه روه ری.
- 7- هه نگاونان و کارکردن بۆ ده رکردنی ده ستووری هه رییمی کوردستان.
- 8- قه ره بووکردنه وه ی قوربانیا نی جینۆساید.
- 9- پشتیوانی له پرۆژه یاسای وه به ره یثانی حکومه ت.
- 10- پشتیوانی له هه وه کانی حکومه ت بۆ جیبه جیکردنی کارنامه که ی.
- 11- پشتیوانی هه نگاوه کانی حکومه ت بۆ چاره سه رکردنی کیشه کانی هه ولپه ر و به غدا.
- 12- هه ولدان بۆ کردنه وه ی هه ژماری تایبه ت به فه رمانبه ران بۆ گه ره نتیکردنی ماف و مووچه کانیان.
- 13- گوێگرنتی زیاتر له داخوازی و تیبینییه کانی خه لگی کورستان.
- 14- چاودێرکردنی حکومه ت و جیبه جیکردنی کارنامه که ی.
- 15- پشتیوانیکردنی هه ر پرۆژه یاسا و پشینیاریک، که هه ر فراکسیۆنیک پیشه که شی بکات، به مه رچیک له خزمه ت خه لگی کوردستاندا

بیئت.

***جه مال هه ویز، سه رۆکی فراکسیۆنی یه کیتی، رایگه یاند:**

- 1- کاراکرادنه وه ی لیژنه ی ئاماده کاری ده ستوور بۆ راپرسی.
- 2- پابه ندرکردنی حکومه تی هه رییم به پێدانه وه ی مووچه ی پاشه که و تکراری فه رمانبه ران له چوار چپوه ی پرۆژه یاسایه کی تایبه ت به م

پرسه .

- 3- تپه راندنی یاسایی چاکسازی له خانه نشینی فه رمانبه رانی مه دهنی و هیزه کانی ناسایش و ناوخۆ.
- 4- به هه میشه یی کردنی دامه زراندنی فه رمانبه رانی گرپه ست.
- 5- هاوتاکردنی ماف و ئیمتیا زاتی هیزی پیشمه رگه به سوپای عیراق.
- 6- چه سپاندنی بیمه ی کومه لایه تی و ته ندروستی و پاراستنی مافی نه خۆش.
- 7- دامه زراندنی یه که م تا سییه می زانکو و په یمانگا کان.
- 8- دۆزینه وه ی به دیلی نه وت له ریگه ی گرنگی دان به سیکته ره کانی کشتوکال، پیشه سازی و ناوچه گه شتیا رییه کان .
- 9- هاوتاکردنی ماف و ئیمتیا زاتی که س و کاری شه هیدان و تیکۆشه ره دیرینه کان و زیندانیانی سیاسی له گه ل حکومه تی ناوه ند.
- 10- دا بینکردنی ده رماله بۆ خویندکارانی کۆلیژ و په یمانگا کان.

***عه لی حه مه سالح، سه رۆکی فراکسیۆنی گۆران، وتی:**

- 1- پشتیوانی له یاسایی چاکسازی له مووچه و خه رجی و ده رماله و ئیمتیازه کان، که بریاره له مانگی نۆدا بگا ته په رله مان.

۲- چاكسازى كوردن تهنه له خه رجيدا نيه، به لكو ده بئيت له داها تيشدا بركريت بؤ ئه م مه به سته ش ئه ركى حكومه ته چهن د برپارئك ده ربكات، يه كئيك له وانه باجه، ئىستا (۲۳) هزار كۆمپانيا له كوردستان هه يه كه به شى زۆريان خۆيان له باج دزيوه ته وه به تاييه ت كۆمپانيا گه وره كان.

۳- ياسايى تاييه ت به خاله سنورييه كان وه ريكخسته وه يه يان به تاييه ت كه له ئىستادا كۆمه لئيك كۆمپانيا يان به هه شت جۆرى جياواز له خاله سنورييه كان پاره وهرده گرن.

۴- به دامه زراوه ييكردى كه رتى نه وت، ئه ويش به دروستكردى سندوقى داها تى نه وت، دروستكردى كۆمپانيا يى كوردستان بؤ به بازاركردى نه وت، دروستكردى كۆمپانيا يى كوردستان بؤ پالاوتنى نه وت و پاشكۆكانى وه كۆمپانيا يى نيشتيمانى نه وتى كوردستان.

۵- پئداچونه وه به و گرييه ستانه يى بؤ خه ده مات كراوه و دراوه به چهن د كۆمپانيا يه ك، كه ئه نجامه كه يى به زهره ركردنى خه لگى كوردستان و داها تى گشتى و ده وله مه ندردى چهن د خه لكئيكه، وه ك گرييه ستى كاتب عه دله كان و تابلوى ئوتومبيل، يان كۆكۆردنه وه ي پاره ي (ئاو، خاشاك) چهن دى تر كه به ريوشويى قانونى تئنه په پويون، پئويسته به ياسا برپار بدرئت هه ر گرييه ستئيك حه قى گشتى تاييه ت پئش ئه وه ي ئه نجام بدرئت ديوانى چاودئرى دارايى په سهن دى بكات، به مه ش ريگره يه كانى گه وره له به هه ده رانى داها تى گشتى له كوردستان ده كرئت.

۶- ده رچوانى ياسايى پاسه وانى له كوردستان، چونكه ئىستا تاكه دامه زراوه يى پاسه وانى كه به ياسا ريخراوه پاسه وانى په رله مان و په رله ماتارانه.

۷- كۆمه لئيك چين و تويز هه ن كه ده بئيت ئاوريان ليبدريته وه، ئه وانيش تۆرى پاراستى كۆمه لايه تى و ئه و ئافره تانه يى بئ هاوسه رن كه ماوه ي پئنج ساله تهنه (۱۰۰) هزارى سه رچاوه يى ژيانيان راگراوه، له گه ل ئه و خويئدكارانه يى كه پئويسته درماله تاييه تى خويئدنيان پئ بدرئت.

۸- ياسايى بودجه كه له ئىستادا ئاماده كارى بؤ ده كرئت له وه زاره تى دارايى پئويسته ده ست وبرى لئ بركريت بؤ ئه وه ي داها تى و خه رجى روونبئته وه.

۹- پشتيوانى ريكه وتئيكى سه نكين له گه ل حكومه تى عئراق ده كه ين به تاييه تى له بوارى (دارايى)، نه وت، خاك، پئشمه رگه و كۆى سامانه مرويه يه كان).

ئه مه جگه له وه يى چهن د پرؤزه ياسايه كه مان ئاماده يه و تهنه ناوه كانى ده خويمه وه و له رۆژانى ئاينده دا پئشكه شى ده كه ين:

۱- ئينفازى قانونى عه مه لى عئراقى.

۲- گه رانه وه يى پاشه كه وتى موچه، به خويئدنه وه يى واقعى دارايى كوردستان.

۳- دامه زراندنى يه كه مه كان له كوردستان، له پئناو ته شجيع كردنى خويئدن له كوردستان، وه دۆزينه وه يى ريگايى پئويستيش بؤ خۆبه خش و گرييه سته كان.

۴- ده سته يى نيشتيمانى بؤ دانوستاندن.

۵- قه ده غه كردنى ريكخسته حزبه يه كان له ناو هئزى پئشمه رگه و ئاسايشى گشتيدا.

۶- ده سته يى ئاوه دانى و خۆشگوزهرانى گونده كان.

۷- به ركاركردى ياساى خانه نشيى يه كگرتوى عئراق ژماره (۱۴) يى سالى (۲۰۱۴).

۸- گه شه پئدان و پاراستى خيژان.

۹- داواكارى گشتى.

۱۰- ريگرى له زياده رويى له هه ريئى كوردستان.

۱۱- دلئيايى كۆمه لايه تى.

۱۲- ده سته يى گشتى سه لامه تى و باشى به ره مه يى خۆمالي.

۱۳- به رهنكاربوونه وه يى مادده هۆشبه ره كان.

***رۆمبۆ هه‌کاری، سه‌رۆکی فراکسیۆنی هاوپه‌یمانی یه‌کێتی نه‌ته‌وه‌یی، رایگه‌یاند:**

- ١- یاسایی چاکسازی له‌ مووچه و خانه‌نشینی، و مووچه‌ی که‌م ئەندامان و بۆ سه‌رپه‌رشتان زۆریک له‌و چینه‌ هه‌ژارانه‌ی خه‌لگی کوردستان که‌ چه‌نده‌ها ساڵه‌ له‌ژێرباری هه‌ژاریدا ده‌نالێن.
- ٢- دانانی لیژنه‌یه‌کی نوێ بۆ ده‌ستور، بۆ ئیمه‌ وه‌ک پیکهاته زۆر گرنه‌گه‌ ئه‌و ده‌ستوره‌ بنوسریت و بۆ ئه‌وه‌ی بزاین تا چه‌ند مافه‌کانمان پارێزراره‌.
- ٣- پشتگیری له‌ چاره‌سه‌رکردنی کێشه‌کانی نیوان هه‌ولێر و به‌غداد ده‌که‌ین، چونکه‌ پیمان وایه‌ به‌چاره‌سه‌ری ئه‌و کێشانه‌، به‌شیکێ زۆر کێشه‌کانی خه‌لگ چاره‌سه‌ر ده‌بێت.
- ٤- به‌ پێویستی ده‌زاین چه‌ندین یاسای تر هه‌بێت بۆ پیشکه‌شکردنی خزمه‌تگوزاری، به‌تایبه‌تی بۆ ناوچه‌کانی ئیمه‌ که‌ تا ئیستا خزمه‌تگوزارییان پێنه‌گه‌یشتوه‌.
- ٥- ئیمه‌ له‌ په‌رله‌مانی کوردستان له‌ (٣ ی ئابی) ساڵی رابردوو (رۆژی ٣) ی ئابمان وه‌ک رۆژی جینۆسایدی خوشک و برا ئیزیدییه‌کان دیاری کرد، به‌لام ئیمه‌ پیمان وایه‌ وه‌ک پیکهاته‌یه‌ک که‌ به‌شدارین له‌ خوش و ناخۆشیه‌کانی کوردستان و به‌شدارین له‌ چالاکیه‌ سیاسیه‌کانی هه‌ریمی کوردستان، پیمان وایه‌ ئیمه‌ و پیکهاته‌کانی تریش ده‌بێت رۆژیکمان بۆ دیاری بکریت و ئیمه‌ش له‌ هاتنی داعشدا قوربانی زۆرمانداوه‌.

***محهم‌د سه‌عه‌دین، سه‌رۆکی فراکسیۆنی گه‌شه‌پێدانی تورکمانی، رایگه‌یاند:**

- ١- بابته‌ی چاکسازی بۆته‌ باسی خه‌لگ و دروشمی گشت لایه‌نه‌کانه‌، هه‌روه‌ها خاڵی هاوبه‌شی حکومه‌ت و په‌رله‌مان و گشت هه‌یزه‌ سیاسیه‌کانه‌، بۆیه‌ ئیمه‌ پشتیوانی پرۆژه‌ی چاکسازی ده‌که‌ین، ئه‌مه‌ نه‌ک ته‌نها وه‌ک یاسا ده‌نگی پێبدریته‌ به‌لکو پێویسته‌ هه‌مان هه‌لویست و ئیراده‌مان هه‌بێت له‌ هه‌نگاوه‌کانی جێبه‌جێکردنی چاکسازی، که‌ بیه‌ته‌ هۆی باشکردنی بژووی خه‌لگ و زامکردنی مووچه‌ی فه‌رمانبه‌ران.
 - ٢- پێشخستنی سیستمی کارگێری له‌ هه‌ریمی کوردستان.
 - ٣- هاندانی حکومه‌ت و هاوکاری کردنی بۆ ئاماده‌کردنی بودجه‌ی ساڵانه‌.
 - ٤- پشتگیری ئه‌و داوا و پێشنيان‌ه‌ ده‌که‌ین بۆ ئاماده‌کاری ده‌ستووری هه‌ریمی کوردستان، که‌ کۆتا شپۆه‌ی سیستمی حوکمرانی جیگر بکات که‌ هه‌رتاکیکی ئه‌م نیشتمانه‌ و هه‌ر پیکهاته‌یه‌ک و به‌گشتی هه‌موو خه‌لگی کوردستان، ماف و رۆلی هه‌بێت له‌ هه‌لبژاردنی نوێنه‌ره‌کان و سه‌رۆکایه‌تیه‌کانیان، هه‌روه‌ها له‌م ده‌ستوره‌ هه‌موو مافه‌کانی نه‌ته‌وه‌یی و سیاسیی و ئیداری نه‌ته‌وه‌ جیاوازه‌کان و پیکهاته‌ ئابینی و ئاینزاکان جیگه‌بکریته‌.
 - ٥- بۆ به‌ده‌پێنانی مه‌به‌ده‌ی پیکه‌وه‌ ژیانی ئاشتیانه‌، ریکخستنی زانستیانه‌ی که‌لتور و زمانی نه‌ته‌وه‌ جیا جیاکان، ئاماژه‌ به‌گرنگی ده‌رچواندن یاسای ئه‌کادیمیای تورکمانی سریانی ده‌که‌ین که‌ له‌ یاسای ژماره‌ (٥) ی ساڵی ٢٠١٥، ئه‌م مافه‌ به‌ پیکهاته‌کان دراوه‌.
 - ٦- وه‌ک پیکهاته‌ی تورکمان داوا له‌ سه‌رۆکایه‌تی په‌رله‌مان و فراکسیۆنه‌کانی په‌رله‌مان ده‌که‌ین پالێشتیمان بکه‌ن له‌ ده‌رچوانی پرۆژه‌ بریاری بۆنه‌ فه‌رمیه‌کانی نه‌ته‌وه‌ی تورکمان.
- له‌کۆتایدا ئیمه‌ پالێشتی له‌ هه‌نگاوه‌کانی حکومه‌تی نوێی ده‌که‌ین له‌ ریکخستی کاروباری کاریگری و دارایی و ناوخوازی هه‌ریم و به‌رده‌وام ده‌بین له‌ پشتیوانی هه‌ر پرۆژه‌یه‌کی نیشتمانی.

***باپیر کا مه‌لا، سه‌رۆکی فراکسیۆنی لیستی سه‌رده‌م، وتی:**

۱- یاسایی چاکسازی که ره‌ه‌ندیکی نیشتیمانی هه‌یه و ده‌بیته هۆی زیاده‌بوونی داهاات و گه‌شه‌ی ئابووری، به‌مه‌رجێك به‌ سازانی هه‌موو لایه‌ك بێت.

۲- یاسایی بودجه، که له دوو حاله‌ته بۆمان دێت، یان له‌سه‌ر بودجه‌ی عێراق دایده‌نێن یان له‌سه‌ر داهااتی ناوخۆ، گرنگه‌ ئه‌م سال یاسای بودجه دابنێن.

۳- هه‌مواری یاسای وه‌به‌ره‌ئێنان، که بۆته هۆی به‌هه‌رده‌دانی زه‌وییه‌کی زۆر و گه‌نده‌لی زۆر له‌ سایه‌ی ئه‌و یاسایه‌دا کراوه.

۴- پشنگیری ده‌که‌ین له‌ هه‌مواری خانه‌نشینی هێزه‌کانی ئاسایشی ناوخۆ.

۵- هه‌وارکردنه‌وه‌ی یاسای وه‌زاره‌ت په‌روه‌رده که سیستمی سویدی ته‌به‌نی کردوه‌و جیکه‌وته‌ی باشی نه‌بووه.

۶- راسپاردیه‌ك بۆ وه‌زاره‌تی ناوخۆ ده‌ریکه‌ین، یه‌که‌ی پاسه‌وانی که سه‌رو (۶۰) هه‌زار که‌سی تیا‌دایه‌ ریکبخریته‌وه.

۷- ده‌رکردنی بپاریک بۆ پابه‌ندکردن و دلتیا کردنه‌وه‌ی فه‌رمانبه‌ران له‌ گه‌رانه‌وه‌ی پاشه‌که‌وتنی مووچه.

۸- کۆنتڕۆڵکردن و ریکخستنه‌وه‌ی بازاری ئازاد، چونکه ئیستا ناعه‌داله‌تیه‌کی زۆر تیا‌دایه، هه‌موو ئه‌و که‌ل و په‌لانه‌ی که نه‌شیاون به‌ بۆنه‌ی بازاری ئازاده‌وه‌ دین و مافی هاو‌لاتیان پشیشل ده‌که‌ن، جا یان بیکه‌ینه بازاریکی موخته‌له‌ت یان به‌شپوه‌یه‌ك بێت عه‌داله‌تی تیا‌بیت.

۹- کۆنتڕۆڵکردنی سنوره‌کان بۆ ریکگری له‌ دیارده‌ی ماده‌ی هۆشبه‌ر، که زۆر بلاوه و کیشه‌ی کۆمه‌لایه‌تی گه‌وره‌ی دروستکردوه.

*ئازاد کوره‌چی، سه‌رۆکی فراکیسۆنی میله‌ت، وتی:

۱- ده‌ست به‌ کارکردن بکریت له‌ پرۆژه‌ی ده‌ستووری هه‌رێمدا و زه‌مانه‌تی مافی پیکهاته‌کان بکریت.

۲- بودجه‌ی هه‌رێمی کوردستان بێته‌ په‌رله‌مان و په‌سه‌ند بکریت و به‌شیکیش له‌ بودجه‌ بۆ چالاکی فه‌ره‌نگی پیکهاته‌کان ته‌رخان بکریت.

۳- کاربکریت له‌سه‌ر ته‌نه‌وه‌ی سه‌رچاوه‌کانی داهاات، به‌تایبه‌تی په‌ره‌ بدریته‌ به‌ که‌رتی کشتوکال، گه‌شت و گوزار، پيشه‌سازی و که‌رتی تايبه‌ت.

۴- پێداچوونه‌وه‌ به‌سیستم و یاسا‌کانی په‌روه‌رده و رۆشنی‌ری و وه‌رزش به‌جۆرێك هه‌رێمی کوردستان بکریته‌ خاوه‌نی سیستمیکی پشیکه‌وتی خۆمالی که گونجاو بێت له‌گه‌ڵ پشیکه‌وتنه‌کانی سه‌رده‌م و ره‌چاوی بارودۆخی هه‌رێمی کوردستان بکات، و گرنگی بدریته‌ به‌ په‌روه‌رده و رۆشنی‌ری پیکهاته‌کان.

۵- گرنگی بدریته‌ به‌پرۆژه‌ سه‌ره‌که‌یه‌کانی خزمه‌تگوزاری ئاو و ریکگابان و ته‌ندروستی.

۶- په‌یره‌وی ناوخۆی په‌رله‌مانی کوردستان هه‌مواری بکریته‌وه.

۷- یاسای په‌رله‌مانی کوردستان و یاسای هه‌لبژاردنی په‌رله‌مانی کوردستان په‌سه‌ندبکریته‌.

۸- پرۆژه‌ یاسای چاکسازی په‌سه‌ندبکریته‌.

۹- یاسای ئه‌نجومه‌نی پارێزگا‌کان هه‌موار بکریته‌وه، به‌مه‌رجێك لاهه‌رکه‌زیه‌تی ئیداری فراوان بکریته‌.

۱۰- په‌یوه‌ندییه‌کانی نێوان هه‌ولێر و به‌غداد له‌سه‌ر بنه‌مای ده‌ستوور ریکبخریته‌وه‌و مافه‌کانی گه‌لی کوردستان له‌بودجه‌ی عێراق زامان بکریته‌.

۱۱- پێداچوونه‌وه‌ بکریته‌ به‌ یاسا‌کانی که‌رتی ته‌ندروستی هه‌ر له‌ بیمه‌ی ته‌ندروستی و مافه‌کانی نه‌خۆش هه‌تا دوا‌ی .

۱۲- بۆجیبه‌جیکردنی پرۆگرامی حکومه‌ت په‌رله‌مان هاوکار و چاودێربیت.

۱۳- پرۆژه‌ یاسای پیکهاته‌کان گرنگی زیاتر پێدبکریته‌.

*فه‌رید یه‌عقوب، سه‌رۆکی فراکیسۆنی رافیده‌ین، وتی:

۱- یاسای چاکسازی.

۲- گه‌رانه‌وه‌ی پاشه‌که‌وتی موچه‌ی فه‌رمانبه‌ران.

۳- ھەموارى سىستىمى پەرۋەردە .

۴- ياسادانان بۇ تەندروستى و باج .

۵- ئىمەش وەك پىكھاتەى كلدانى سريانى ئاشوورى رەسەن لە ھەرىمدا داواكارين لە پەرلەمان كار بكات بۇ زامىنكردى مافەكانمان بە ياسايەكى تايبەت و چارەسەركردى ھەموو ئەو كىشەنەى ھەيە لەسەرمان وەك كەمە نەتەوہ . گرنگتيرن شت لاى ئىمە پىكەوہ ژيانە ، ھيوادارين پىكەوہ ژيان بە فعلى جى بەجى كريت لە ريگەى چارەسەركردى كىشەكانمان و بەشدارى پىكردى حەققيمان لە ھەرسى دەسەلاتى ياسادانان و جىبەجى كرىن و ناوہخوى .

۶- دانانى ياسايى ھەلبژاردن و تۆماری دەنگدەران بۇ ھەلبژاردنى نوينەران .

۷- داوا لە حكومت بكرىت بۇ دابىنكردى خزمەتگوزارى پىويست بۇ گوندەكان بەتايبەت بۇ ناوچەى نەھلا ، كە بىخزمەت گوزاريە ، وە گەرانەوہى ژيان بۇ ناوچەى نەرەوا و ريكان ، ھەرەھا گوندەكانى ھەرىم بەگشتى كە تۆشى بۆردومان بوون لەلايەن توركيواوہ .

***ھىمداد سەباح، سەرۆكى فراكسىيۆنى بەرەى توركمانى، رايگە ياند:**

۱- بە پىويست دەزانن كە ئەم وەرەزەى ياسادانى پەرلەمان بىيئە مەرکەزىكى گرنگ بۇ داکۆكى كرىن لە مافەكانى ھاوالاتيان و باشتركردى خزمەتگوزاريەكانيان، ھەر لە دەركردى ياساي نوئى و چاودىرى كرىنىش .

۲- بەپىويست دەزانين پىرۆژە ياساكانى چاكسازى بە ھەماھەنگى لەگەل حكومتى ھەرىمى كوردستان سەربكەوئىت، چونكە حكومتى ھەرىم بۇ ئەم پىرۆژە ياسايە دەبىئە كۆلەكەيەكى سەرەكى سەرکەوتنى ياسا .

۳- پىويستە لەم وەرەزەدا داواكارى و مافى پىكھاتەكان لە كوردستان بەشپوہەيەكى باشتر كارى لەسەر بكرىت .

۴- داواكارين لە سەرۆكايەتى پەرلەمان و پەرلەمانتاران يارمەتيمان بەدەن لە ديارىكردى رۆژىك بۇ نەتەوہى توركمان .

۵- ئومىدەوارين لەم وەرەزەدا برايەتى و تەبايى نىوان سەرجم پىكھاتە ، ئاين و نەتەوہىيەكان زياتر قول بىيئەوہ ئەمەش لەپىناوى بەررەوہندى گشتىيە .

۶- ئىمە پالېشنى ھەموو ئەو ھەنگاوانە دەبىت كە خزمەت دەكات بە چاكسازى و خۆشگوزەرانى خەلك .

***كلارا عۆدېشۆ، سەرۆكى فراكسىيۆنى ئەنجومەنى گەلى كلدان، سريان، ئاشورى، رايگە ياند:**

۱- كار بگەين لەسەر ھەمواركردىنا ھەندىك ماددەى ياساي ژمارە (۵) سالى (۲۰۱۵) ى مافى پىكھاتەكان و پىدقيا بە دانانا ئاليەتا جى بەجىكردىيە و ھەر وەسا و دەستنىشان كرنا ئالياتى سزا دانى دەمى نەھىئە جىبەجى كرىن .

۲- ھەر ھەموارىك لە ماددەين دەستواريدا يا ياساي ھەلبژاردنان يان ياساي پەرلەمانى، پىدقيا پىكھاتەيان رەزامەندىين بۇ تەمسىلا وان راستەقىنە .

۳- دانانى ميكانىزمىكا بەھەماھەنگى دگەل حكومتەتا، ژبۆ دەستنىشان كرىنا پەلى دامەزاندنا بۇ گەلى مە و گرىنى كرىنا دامەزاندنا وان .

۴- دانانى ميكانىزما دگەل حكومتەتا ھەرىمى بۇ چارەسەركردىنا زىدەگافى لەسەر عەردى گەلى مە ئەوہى ھاتىە كرىن بەرى نوکە ، بەرى نوکەژى پىرۆژە ياسايەك بىيئە دانان ژ بۇ پاراستى عەردى گەلى رەسەنى كوردستان لە زىادەگافى ھەمى جۆراندنا .

۵- ھەمواركردىنا ھەندىك ماددەى ياساي مەدەنى عىراقى ئەوہى ناگونجىن دگەل بەلگەنامە و پىوہرى نىودەولەتى مافى مرؤف و ھەرەسا ناگونجىن لەگەل ژىنگەھ كوردستانيا ھەمەجۆر بە تايبەتى باسى ئىسلامى قاسر دكەم .

۶- بەركاركرن بىيارە ئەنجومەنى وەزىرى عىراقى ژمارە (۸۶) تەعوىز كرىن ژبۆ گەلى مە لە كوردستانى .

۷- دەستور كار بو پاراستنى مافى خەلكى كوردستان دەكات، بەتايبەتى پاراستنا تايبەتمەندىا پىكھاتەكان، دى كار كەين بۇ بنەجى كرنا ماددەى (۳۵) لە دەستورى ھەرىمىدا ھەر وەسا ناوى گەلا كلدانى سريانى ئاشورى لە دەستوريدا بەرقەرارىبىت لە ھەموو ياسايە دىتە دەرختن چونكە ئىمە ھەموو يەك نەتەوہىنا .

۸- پیژده بردن و دانانی سیستما په روه رده ژ لایا میژووی و زانستی به شیفته یه کی بیتن که پیکفه ژیان و گیانی لیئوردنا له کوردستان به هیژ و به رده وام بکات.

۹- له رۆژا (۲۰۱۴/۸/۶) گه لی ما له دهشتا نهینه و توشی دورانتین کریاری تیورستی بویه له سهر دهستی داعش هاته کوشتن و ره فاندن گه ل خوشک و برای مه پیکهاتن دی، سهره رای نازاد کردنا ده قهری مه ش له لای هیژی پیشمه رگه هی قاره مان، لی حه تا تانوکه ش ژور کچ و کوپری مه بی چاره نوسن و له دهستی داعشیدانه، ئەفه به سهر میلیله تی مه هاتین له سهر دهستی داعشدا پیدان هاتیه کرن که جینۆسایده ژ لایه ن ئەنجومه نی مافی مرۆف نه ته وه ی یه کگرتین، مافی مۆرف وه پاراستنی که رامه تی مافی مرۆف نه به ژماره یه به لکو دیف پیوه و به لگه نامه یه نیوده وله تیه، پیدقیه په رله مانی کوردستان رۆژیکا تایبه ت بیته ده ستنیشان کرن به جینۆساید بۆ گه لی ما هر وه کی بۆ براین ما گه لی ئیزدی هاته کردن.

***فاهیک که مال، سه رۆکی فراکسیونی ئه رمه ن، راگه یاند:**

- ۱- ئەم وه ک هه موو خه لکی کوردستان داخوازن که ئف یاسای چاکسازی بهیته جیبه جی کرن .
- ۲- هه ولدان بۆ په سه ندکردنا ده ستووری هه ریمی کوردستان.
- ۳- یاسای بودجه هی بیته په رله مانی وه بیته په سه ندکردن.
- ۴- یاسایه ک هه بیت بۆ گرنگی پیدانی ژینگه هی کوردستان له هه موو لایاندا.
- ۵- ئیمه پیشنیار دکه ین هه ول بهیته دان بۆ نه خشته ریگه کی بوار ده رفه تی کاری بیته په پیدان کرن بۆ ده رچووی هه ریمی کوردستان.

له کۆتای دانیشته که دا سه رۆکی په رله مان رایگه یاند: داواتان لۆ ده که ین ناو ئەو پرۆژه یاسایانه ی به لاتانه وه گرنگه و له م دانیشته دا خستانه روو، به بی شه رح، بۆمان بنیرن، ده ستی سه رۆکایه تی بریاریداوه ئەو پرۆژانه ی که خالی هاوبه شی نیوان فراکسیونه کانه ده یکاته به رنامه ی کاری ئەم وه رزه ی یاسادانان، به لام داوا ده که ین نه گاته کۆتای هه فته بۆمان بنیرن، ئیمه پرۆژه هاوبه شه کانی نیوان فراکسیونه کان دیاری ده که ین و له سایتی په رله مانیش رایده گه یه نین که پرۆژه هاوبه شه کان چین.

Appendix No. (2)
The position and recommendations of the Kurdistan Parliament on the situation
in Western Kurdistan

هه‌لۆیست و راسپاردەکانی پەرلەمانی کوردستان لەسەر رەوشی رۆژئاوای کوردستان

- ١- پەرلەمانی کوردستان دژە شەپە و داوا دەکەین هەرچی زوو شەپە و لەشکرکێشی و مەملانێی سەربازی کۆتایی پێبھێنرێت و لەبری ئەوە پشتیوانی بژاردەى چارەسەرى ئاشتیانەین و دەخوازین لە رێگای دیالۆگەو کۆتایی بە ناکۆکیەکان بھێنرێت.
- ٢- وێرایی بە توندی ئیدانەکردنی ھێرش و لەشکرکێشی و بە ئامانجگرتن و پەلاماری سەر ھاوڵاتیان، داواکارین سەرۆمۆل و گیانی خەلکی سڤیل و دامەزراوە مەدەنییەکان پارێزراو بێت.
- ٣- پەرلەمانی کوردستان لە پیناوی پاراستنی ئاسایش و ئاشتی ئێودەولەتی، بەرمەبنای ریکەوتتنامە ئێودەولەتیەکان، داوا لە کۆمەلگای ئێودەولەتی و نەتەوەبەگرتووکان و یەکیەتی ئەوروپا و ریکخوازە ھەرێمیەتی و ئێودەولەتیەکان دەکات، ھەول و توانایان چێتر بکەن و ھەوڵ و گۆشارە سیاسی و دیپلۆماسییەکانیان زیاتر بکەن بە ئاراستەى کۆتایی ھێنان بە و شەرە لەشکرکێشیەى کە ئێستا لە رۆژئاوای کوردستان ھەبێ.
- ٤- حکومەتی ھەرێمی کوردستان رادەسپێرین تاوەکو لە چوارچێوەى تواناکان، بە ھاوکاری و ھەماھەنگی لەگەڵ ریکخوازە ئێودەولەتیەکان ئامادەسازی تەواو بکات بۆ پیشوازی و ھەوڵدەن و بە دەمەوە چوونی ئەوپەنا بەرانی کە بە ھۆی شەپە مەملانێکانی ئێستای ناوچە جیاچیاکانی رۆژئاوای کوردستان ھەبێ.
- ٥- داوا لە بەرێز سەزۆکی ھەرێمی کوردستان و دامەزراوەى سەزۆکیەتی ھەرێمی کوردستان دەکەین، وێرایی چێترکردنەو ھەولە دیپلۆماسییەکان و ھەماھەنگی لەگەڵ حکومەتی فیدراڵ، کاری زیاتریکات بۆ یەکخستنی ھەلۆیستی تەواوی لایەنە سیاسیە بەرێزەکانی ھەرێمی کوردستان بە ئاراستەى پشتیوانیکردن لە بژاردەى ئاشتیانە.
- ٦- داوا لە حکومەتی عێراقی فیدراڵ دەکەین، ھاوکاری دامەزراوەکانی حکومەتی ھەرێمی کوردستان بێت بە داھێنکردنی بەشێک لە بودجەى (طواری) بۆ فریاکەوتن و ھەوڵدەنەو ھاواری ئاوارەکان، چونکە ھاوکاری و بەدەمەوە چوونی پەنا بەرى نوێ و ئیدارەدانى ئاوارەو پەنا بەرانی ئێستای ناو کامپەکانی ھەرێمی کوردستان، بارگرا نیەکی دارایی گەورە دەخاتە سەر ھەرێمەکانمان و لە تواناکانمان زیاتر.
- ٧- داوا لە سەرچەم ئەو کونسولخانەو نوێنەرایەتیە دیپلۆماسییەکانی ولاتان دەکەین کە لە ھەرێمی کوردستان، حکومەتەکانیان لەو دۆخەى ئێستای رۆژئاوای کوردستان بە وردەکاری رووداوەکانی و لیکەوتە ناوخی و ھەرێمیەتی و جیھانیەکانی ئاگادار بکەن و ھەول و توانا و گۆشارە دیپلۆماسییەکانیان بۆ پارگرتنی شەپە و مەملانێی سەربازی و مائۆیرانی خەلکی سڤیل و ئاوارە بوونیان، زیاتر بکەن و ھەموو لایەنە ناکۆکەکان بۆ گفتوگۆ و چارەسەرى ئاشتی ھانبدەن. ھاوکات داوایان لێدەکەین کە ھاوکاری دامەزراوەکانی حکومەتی ھەرێمی کوردستان بن بۆ بەدەمەوە چوونی ئاوارەو پەنا بەران.
- ٨- پەرلەمانی کوردستان ھەلەمەتیکی نیشتمانی بۆ کۆکردنەو ھەوڵدەن و پشتیوانی و بەدەمەوە چوونی ئاوارەو لێقەوماوانی رۆژئاوای کوردستان رادەگەینێت و لە روانگەى ئەرکی نیشتمانی و مرۆیی و نەریتی کوردستانیانەمانەو، داخوازیمان ئەو یە خەلکی کوردستان و ھە نەریتیکی مرۆدۆستانەى کوردستانیانە، ئەو ھەوڵە توانایاندا بە رێگای ریکخوازە ناوخی و ئێودەولەتیەکان و دامەزراوەکانی حکومەتی ھەرێمەو، بە دەم ئاوارەو پەنا بەرانی بچن. پەرلەمانتارانى کوردستان بەشدارن لەم ھەلەمەتە نیشتمانییە.
- ٩- پەرلەمانی کوردستان نیگەرانییەکی قوڵی ھەبێ لە ھەوڵە ئاراستەى رووداوەکان و کاری ھێزەچە کدارە توندروەکان بە جۆریک بن کە دۆخی نەخوازراو و ناھەمواری عەفرین و پیشیلکاریەکانی مافی مرۆڤ و کارە دژە مرۆفایەتیەکانیان و بە تالان بردنی سەرۆمۆلی ھاوڵاتیان و گۆرپینی دیمۆگرافی لە ناوچەکانی دیکەى رۆژئاوای کوردستان دووبارە بکەن و ھەموو ھەولەکان بەو ئاراستەى بن کە رێ لەم ھێزە چە کدارانە بگیریت تا دۆخی سەرى کانی و گری سپی و کۆبانى و ناوچەکانی دیکە و ھە عەفرین لى نەکەن.
- ١٠- گەلی کورد و گەلانی دیکەى سوریا، مافیکی سروشتی و یاسایی و دیموکراسییانەى خۆیانە، لە چوارچێوەى ھەولە دیپلۆماسییەکانی چارەسەرى دۆخی گشتی سوریا بە ئاراستەى جنیڤ و ئاراستەى ئاستانە و بریارەکانی نەتەوەبەگرتووکان تابیەت بە

سوريا، له هەر رێککهوتنیک بۆ دۆخی سوریاى دواى شەر، مافى نەتەویى و هاوڵاتی بوون و یەكسانی و دادپەرورەری له ئەرك و مافیان له دەستوری نوێی سوریا و شیوهی حوکمرانی له چوارچێوهی سوریا دا بچەسپیت.

۱۱- پەرلەمانی کوردستان داوا لەسەر جەم هێزە کوردستانییهکانی رۆژئاوای کوردستان دەکات، ململانی حیزبی و ئایدیۆلۆژی تەسک بە لاوه بنین و قۆناغیکی نوێی کاری پیکهوهیی و خەباتی بەرهیی له سەر بنه‌مای بەرژه‌وه‌ندی بالای خه‌لگی کوردستان له رۆژئاوای کوردستان دەستپیکه‌ن و له سەر بنه‌مای ناشتی و دیموکراسی و دیالۆگ و پیکه‌وه ژیان و وه‌ستانه‌وه دژی تیرۆر، خه‌باتی گه‌لی کوردستان له رۆژئاوای کوردستان زیاتر پیشبەخه‌ن و لاپه‌ره‌یه‌کی نوێ هه‌لبه‌نه‌وه.

۱۲- پەرلەمانی کوردستان سەرنجی گۆمه‌لگای نێوه‌ده‌وله‌تی بۆ ئه‌و راستییه راده‌کێشیت که رووداوه‌کانی ئه‌م دوايه‌ی رۆژئاوای کوردستان و کشانه‌وه‌ی هێزه‌کانی هاوپه‌یمانی نێوه‌ده‌وله‌تی و ئه‌و له‌شکرکێشی و ناسه‌قامگیرییه‌ی که له‌ چهند ناوچه‌یه‌کی رۆژئاوای کوردستان هاتۆته‌ ئارا، هه‌موو ده‌ستکه‌وته‌کانی شه‌ری تیرۆر و شکاندنی ئه‌فسانه‌ی داعش له‌ ناو ده‌بات و زه‌مینه‌ی سه‌ره‌لدانه‌وه‌ی داعش و تیرۆریستانی دیکه زیاتر ده‌کات و به‌وه‌ش جارێکی دیکه ناشتی و ئاسایش و سه‌قامگیری هه‌رێمايه‌تی و جیهانی ده‌که‌وته‌وه به‌ر مه‌ترسی.

پەرلەمانی کوردستان

۲۰۱۹/۱۰/۱۵

Appendix No. (3)

"نامه يهك بۆ بهرئيز ... په‌رله‌مانى هه‌ريئى كوردستان وه ئه‌ندامانى كه ئه‌مرۆ له به‌روارى ٢٠١٩/١٠/١٥ دانىشتن سه‌ره‌تا ده‌ست خۆشيتان لى ئه‌كه‌م بۆ ئه‌م هه‌لۆيسته‌ى ئه‌مرۆتان بۆ يارمه‌تيدان و پاراستنى رۆژئاوايى كوردستان، هه‌ر لى‌ره‌وه ئه‌مه‌وى پىتان بلىم، كه ئيوه ته‌نها نوينه‌رايه‌تى خه‌لكى باشور ناكه‌ن ئيمه‌ش له پارچه‌كانى ترى كوردستان ئيوه به نوينه‌رى خۆمان ئه‌زانين، وه دلنياشتان ئه‌كه‌مه‌وه كه به نه‌وه‌ى نوڤى كورد نالين كه ئيوه له بىر خۆتان بردۆته‌وه كه " (توركيا) " يه هيرش ئه‌كاته سه‌ر رۆژئاوايى كوردستان و ئه‌يه‌ويت داگىرى بكات و گۆراناكى ديموغرافى به‌ديه‌ئىنانى جينۆسايد و ئه‌نفالى ديكه له سه‌رگه‌لى كورد دروست بكات.. به‌لكو پىيان ئه‌لين له بىرتان چوه، به‌لام ئيمه‌ش دلنياين كه خه‌لكى باشورى كوردستان كه ده‌نگيان به ئيوه داوه له بىريان نه‌چوه كه " (توركيا) " يه ئه‌و تاوانه قىزه‌ونه ئه‌كات له نيشتمانكه‌مان.

له‌گه‌ل ئه‌مه‌شدا پرسباريكم لا دروست ئه‌بيت ...! {بۆچى له ١٢ راسپارده‌كانى ئه‌مرۆ ناوى " (توركيا) " نه‌هيندرا؟! ... ئايا ئه‌ترسن كه (توركيا) ده‌روازه‌ى ابراهيم خه‌ليل داخات؟! ... يان ... ئه‌ترسن توركيا هيرش بكاته سه‌ر باشورى كوردستان و داگىرى بكات؟! خۆ هاواتيانى كوردستان كه‌مپينى بايكۆتى كرپنى كالاى توركيايان راگه‌ياندوه، هه‌رچه‌ند ئيمه پيمان وايه توركيا له رۆژئاوايى كوردستان ناوه‌ستى به‌لكو گه‌مارۆيى له سه‌ر باشورى توند تر ئه‌كات ...! خۆ توركيا به‌شيك له خاكى هه‌ريئى كوردستانى داگىر كردوه وه بنكه سه‌ربازيه‌كى يه‌ك جار زۆرى هه‌يه^١

هه‌رچه‌ند مايه‌ى دلخۆشى بوو كه هه‌موو فراكسيۆنه‌كانى په‌رله‌مان يه‌ك ده‌نگ بوون بۆ پشتيوانى رۆژئاوايى كوردستان، هيوادارم ئه‌و خالانه‌ى له سه‌ر ريكه‌وتون به تايه‌تى هه‌ولدانى ديبلۆماسى بۆ وه‌ستاندى ئه‌م كۆمه‌ل كۆڤيه كه ئاراسته‌ى گه‌له‌كه‌مان كراوه. له‌گه‌ل ئه‌وه‌شدا بىرتان نه‌چى به‌هه‌موو دونيا بلين ئيمه له رۆژئاوايى كوردستان (كيشه‌ى ئاو و خۆراكمان نيه ، به‌لكو برسى و تينوى ئازادى و سه‌رفرازين).

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جاويدان كمال ٢٠١٩/١٠/١٥

The Pay Institute for Education and Development Publications

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